## MASMMMGTON



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\text { OCTOBER } 1953
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This issue is a good exanple of cooperation and teail work. As editor, I have been carrying an awfully heavy burden and I really appreciate this help. LaFreniere, Falk, Merk, Weaver, Mulford, Nourse and the editor created this issue and Zeigalis annotated another gane for us.

Lately, we have had a mild flurry of match play in our ridst. Manney was last reported leading Vellias $4 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ in one natch. Warner, soon after his return fron Milwaukee, took on Vellias and defeated hirl 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2立. Warner won the first two, lost the third, won the fourth, lost the fifth and then drew the final gane. The tems were that the first player to conpile $3 \frac{1}{2}$ points won the match.
V. W. Bever rallied to defeat Ted Davidsen in still another match. Davidsen won the opener but Bever quickly equalized natters. After a draw in their third gane, Bever took a pair to win $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2}$.

After many years without any new blood, the Tacona club finally received a transfusion in the person of one Victor Pupols, a countryuan of Zergalis. The young newo oner downed Holnes 7-5 in a series of gailes and was Tacorna's secret weapon against a confident Seattle $Y$
tean in their Puget Sound League tean match on Oct. 18 (See page 17 for Puget sound League results.)

Pupols finished high in sone important tournaments back east and has a U.S.C.F. rating of 1947-A. He last lived in Lincoln, Nebraska.

## A Wissle <br> Dear lirr. Wade,

Out at Renton High Sohool we have a chess club with about 35 members. We have meetings every Friday after school. This year we have many new young members. The advisor, Mr. Don Larson, and nyself, president, have much hope for these students.

At our first meeting we had a film on chess obtained from the $U$. of Wash. We also have managed to get four new books on chess into the school library.

Last year, Highline High contacted us and expressed their desire to play a match. We were very willing but due to school policy the match was never played.

Who knows, we may develop a new Remlinger or, heaven forbid, Wade.

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Russell Vellias, Acting Tournament Director of the W. C. F., announces that the State Tournament will begin on the week-end of November 14 - 15. The invited players are as follows: 1. J. Sheets, 2. 0. W. Manney, 3. Dan Wade, 4. Charles Joaohim, 5. Russell Vellias, 6. V. W. Bever, 7. John DeWitt, 8. Dick Greenwood of Spokane (He is attending Washington State College so his attendance is doubtful), 9. Ted Warner (Because of his high finish in the U. S. Open) and 10. the Tacoma Champion. (The Tacoma representative will be either Vernon Holmes or Victor Pupols.) Last but emphatically not least will be Chess Master, Elmars Zemgalis, defending State Champion and a player heavily favored to keep his title. It has been mumored about that a Mr. G. S. G. Patterson has consented to play. He was one of Washington's best players a few years ago and would add class to this State Tournament. The winner will be champion for the year 1954.

The invited players must be at the Seattle Chess Club by 9:00 A. M. Saturday, Nerember 14th. The round-robin will begin as soon as possible thereafter. Details will be posted. The number of contestants no doubt will make it necessary to use either all or a part of a following weck-end. The tournament must definately be completed Sunday, Novenber 22nd.

The entry fee will be $\$ 3.50$. A trophy goes to the charnpion and if Zengalis wins as he is expected to, a trophy to the runner-up as the top chess expert of Washington. If a player (other than Zengalis: ) wins the tournament, then the 2nd place winner receives a cash prize.


The 4th Wood-Pushers Tournament will start at 9 A. M. Sunday, Nov. 15th at the Scattle Chess Club at 616 iNadison St. Entry fec only \$1.00. This will be a 4 round Solkoff. The tourney will be completed in one day. The champion will receive a king or a queen chess trophy. It is hoped that there will be a large turnout as all of the money collected, less the cost of the winner's "Well, if you don't like kibitzers, you ought to build a taller fence."

## ZFMGALOS ANN OTATES

The notes are by Washington's famous senior-master, Elmars Zemgalis. The game is between one of the Evergreen State's outstanding experts, 0. W. Manney, and a formidable postal opponent residing in Los Angeles, Herman L. Schwerdtman.


| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{QB3}$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 5$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR3}$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{R} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| 5. | $0-0$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K} 2$ |
| 6. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | Q |
| 7. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 3$ | $0-0$ |
| 8. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B3}$ |  |
|  | Cl |  |

A well known theoretical position. In view of Black's text answer which is considered good enough for equality, 9. P-Q4 might give more fighting chances, e.g., 9.--, B-KN5; 10. R-Q1 PXQP; 11. PxP, P-Q4; 12. P-K5, $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K5}$; 13. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB} 3, \mathrm{NxN}$; 1.4. $\mathrm{PxN}, \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QR} 4_{4} ; 15 . \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{QB} 2$, etc. (Analysis by Paul Keres.)

| 8. | --- | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QRL}$ | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 5$ |
| 10. | $\operatorname{PxP}$ | PxP |
| 11. | RXR | QxR |
| 12. | QxP | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{R} 2!$ |

This is another point of Black's defense. Before this move was discovered the usual continuation was l2.---, $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QR} 4$ 13. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 2, \mathrm{NxP}$; 14. NxP!, (if PxN; 15. QxP and the two pieces are forked---Ed.) R-NI; 15. BxN, RxQ; 16. BxQ, RxN; 17. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ with advantage to White.
13. Q-K2 QxP

After 13. Q-R5, QxP; IH. QxN, QxQN; 15. QxP, BxN; 16. PxB, Q-N3ch.; 17. K-Rl, Q-Q3, Black has a safe draw unless he prefers to play for an attack BxN; 16. PxB, $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{NL}$ (Fine-Keres, Amsterdam, 1938) though even then Black has a slight advantage. The weakeness of Q3 will soon show fatal results.

| 15. | $-{ }^{-}-$ | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Bl}_{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R}^{2}$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{RH}_{4}$ |
| 17. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $-\cdots$ |

To avoid the worst 17. P-Q4 had to be tried. White abviously cannot make up his mind how to meet Black's threats and instead of making decisions postpones them.

| 17. | - - | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 18. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | BxB |
| 19. | NxB | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q6}$ |
| 00. | $\mathrm{PQQB4}$ | --- |

This is too passive. Some practical chances would be obtained with 20. P-KB3.

| 20. | --- | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KN} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{R} 4$ |
| 22. | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{I}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{N} 6$ |

A rare position. White is really stalemated on his $Q$-wing and cannot meet the threat of R-RI-R8.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 23. } \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q5} & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Q1} \\
\text { 24. } \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{KP} 4_{4} ?
\end{array}
$$

This loses immediately; the position was hopeless anyhow. Black would simply proceed with $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB} 3, \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 3$, $\Omega-R 1-R 8$, or $P-K H_{4}$, etc.
24.
N/N6xB
25. Resigns


You are heartily welcomed into WCF. We hope you will enjoy our activities and our magazine. yle hope you too will help in our promotional effort.

In the month of August sixteen memberships went due. As of yet they have not been renewed. If one of you readers is a guilty party, be certain you get in your fee. Mail it at once to our Treasurer, W. H. Raleigh. Don't be negligent.

HAVE YOU COTTEN YOUR NEW MEMBER FOR WCF YET??? HELP PROMOTE CHESS--WCF !!!


Here are a few timely hints for the postal player (with apologies to Bob Merk, our correspondence editor).
"Let your conversational communications possess a clarified conciseness, a compact, comprehensible, coalescent consistency, and a concatenated cogency. Eschew all conglomerations of flatulent garrulity, jejune babblement, and assinine affectations. Sedulously avoid all polysyllabic profundity, pompous prolixity, psittaceous vacuity, ventriloquial verbosity, and vaniloquent vapidity. Shun double-entrendre, purient jocosity, and pestiforous profanity, obscurant or apparent, and above all--DO NOT USE BIG WORDS!"

Taken from U. S. Smith's 'Vin, Lose, or Draw.'
And here is an article to help Ted Davidsen, or any club organizer, along.----THIS IS YOUR CLUB 0

This is your club. Do you know what is meant by that? It is a piece of your personal property which nobody can take away from you or kick you out of. You are an integral part of the thing you possess. You inevitably stamp your personality on it. It is a reflection of yourself. Be proud of the members, for they dre your chess world. Be proud of the quality of chess that is played, for it represents the product of your brain. Be proud of the accomplishments of your club for they represent your activity.

And seek to preserve it. Be on the lookout for new members with genial personalities. This is the only consideration. And protect your property. Every time you pay your dues you are increasing your investment. Destroy any of it, and you lose that much.

It is natural you should show inordinate interest in chess, but step out of yourself now and then and enjoy other pursuits that the club has to offer. Become interested in the club and the club will be doubly interesting to you.

"Speed Limit--a thing which makes us late to the Internationals at Blaine !"
Mrs. Frieda LaFreniere
"The so called elections allow people who do nothing for the WCF from January to December to decide how long those who do something vill continue to do so. After every recent election the WCF has received mortal blows which would have killed off a less hardy organization. After an election in which changes in personnel have occured, we are always weakened for awhile. People who play chess seem to have more pride than average. We are great egotists. We are not the type to team together easily. . . . Future annual meetings should be informal get-togethers with a banquet and instead of hostile rivals we should be pals. Kithout friendship this WCF cannot last too much longer."
"Life's too short for chess."
Henry James Byron
"I warne yow wel, it is no childes pley."
Cooffrey Chaucer
"The game is not worth the candle."
English Saying
When a man's house is on fire it's time to break off chess." Thomas Fuller
"(Chess is) . . . A foolish expedient for making idle people believe they are doing something very clever, when they are only wasting their time."
(eorge Bernard Shaw
"I don't think Mr. Shaw knows what he is talking about!"

I have gone to three Internationals consecutively. I think they are wonderful affairs, and I shall try never to miss one. At the first two I was lucky and won my games, and each time our weakened Mashington team was ground down to defeat. At the third when flags of victory sailed graciously above the heads of our team-members, I lost. At least it was a nice game, and it has a moral---Never exchange a strongly posted piece against a helpless and weak one.
O. W. LaFreniere White

Jeff Powis Black

## Sicilian Defense

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KL}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{QB3}$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | PxP |
| 4. | NxP | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |

This is inferior to most lines because it leaves $Q 3$ weak. White's correct continuation should be 5 . N-N5: which gives him a general plus. The text leaves the game equal.
(4C0 ${ }^{8}$ p. 281, col. 83.)

| 5. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{KN5} 5$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 3$ |
| 7. | $\mathrm{B} N \mathrm{~N}$ | QxB |
| 8. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{BL}$ |
| 9. | $0-0$ | $0-0$ |
| 10. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B3}$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q1}$ |

be played, the sooner the better.
11. Q-Q5 Q-K2
12. QR-Q1

P-QR3
Black seems to be under the impression that he cannot do $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 3$, threatening B-K3 in which case he would put a piece on the hook.

| 13. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR3}$ | B-R2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14. | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Rl}$ | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{NI}$ |
| 15. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{R} 4$ | B-B2 |
| 16. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | P-Q3 |
|  | Finally! | vious |

of $P-Q 3$ were to be preferred to the present bind White has built up.

| 17. | Q-Q3 | B-K3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q} 5$ | BxN |
| 19. | PxB | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{RL}_{4}$ |
| 20. | B-R2 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 4$ |
| 21. | Q-B3 | QR-Bl |
| 22. | P-QN4 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |

White has an easier time of it now because Black fails to play B-N3, reserving the $N$ retreat until next move.

| 23. | Q-B6 | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24. | QxRP | Rxp |
| 25. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N}$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Bl}$ |
| 26. | 2xNP | Rxp |
| 27. | K-Q3! | R-R1 |
| 28. | R-B3 | B-R2 |
| 29. | Q-Q3 | P-N3 |
| 30. | KR-Bl | - - | Steady, solid procedure is needed. Material is even, but all White's pieces are mobile. The important $Q B$ file is manned doubly, and the QNP will soon be a strong threat.


| 30. | -- |
| :--- | :--- |
| 31. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B6}$ |
| 32. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{RL} 4!$ |

This move has been needed, but it really can't help much now. If the Black KP muves, White's $N$ may go to $\mathrm{O}_{4}$ and then to $K 6$.
33. Q-K3
Q-N2

The $K$ should be used; the $Q$ is
too heavy a piece to protect a mere P.

| 34. | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 5$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 35. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 2$ |
| 36. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 6$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KI}$ |
| 37. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 2$ |
| 38. | $\mathrm{R} / 1-\mathrm{B} 3$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B} 2$ |

exchange. It is one of the few threats Black has left.

| 39. | Q-H | B-B3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Bl}$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ |
| 41. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B} 8 \mathrm{ch}$. | RxR |
| 42. | Qxich. | N |

Now Black is completely helpless against $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 5-6-7-8$ ! But here white slipped. He tried to force an immediate decision---unnecessary when the eneruy is so badly bound up.

| 43. | NXN??? | PxN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{4}{ }^{2}$ | 2-K6ch. | Q-B2 |
| 45. | QxQch. | KxQ |
| 46. | P-N3 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 4$ |
| 47. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Blch}$. | B-K2 |
| 48. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{N} 7$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{QBl}$ |
| 49. | B-R2 | K- B3 |
| 50. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 5$ | R -R8 8 ch . |
| 51. | K-N2 | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B7}$ |
| 52. | B-N6 | R-N7 |
| 53. | B-RL | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 6$ |
| 54. | P-N6?? | B-K7 |

55. Resigns

Black has so many B chasing moves that the beaten opponent couldn't hit back. Had white played K -Bil he would have had a tenable and dangerous game still.


The Pasco Chess club held a picnic for Eastern Washington chess players in the Sacajawea State Park, Sunday, July 20. (Sacajawea, named after some fair Indian maiden, is situated on the confluence of the Snake and Columbia Rivers about five miles east of pasco.) The tremendous success of this new type of event was illustrated clearly by the attendance from a variety of Eastern Washington chess centers. Dr. Wax Baumwell (see special article) from Walla Walla, Russel Blackler and Ray Kaser from Milton-Freewater, Oregon, William H. Hoge, Eli Treisman, and Oliver LaFreniere of Yakima, were among the luminaries at the picnic. Spokane was the only unrepresented chess center. Of course Ceorge Asanovich and Carnelius Groot, Pasco Chess Club champions were on hand, as well as many other noted Pasco players such as Captain H. T. Jackson, Beryl Arbogast, and many more. The greatest credit for organizing the miraculous event must go to Herbert Tedro, Pasco Chess Club President and spark-plug-type-chesser. As the many families accompanying the players feasted on mountains of potluck-food and the children played in the spacious grass areas, several hard games were fought out in the shade. Dr. Max Baumwell crushed Ceorge Asanovich, champion of the Pasco area, in both of two epic battles. (Games to appear next month.) He then played Eli Treisman to two consecutive draws. Other informal games noted by this editor saw Hoge defeat Blackler, LaFreniere trounce Enanuel Wagner, and Tedro smash LaFreniere.

Te hope other clubs throughout the state will look upon this chess pienic as a precedent and good suggestion to be followed. Wie also hope Pasco will hold another such event next year. It was really a pleasure to attend.

## PASCO SWEEPS EAST WASHINGTON

Besides inventing the chess picnic, the Pasco Chess Club has a powerful team. The Eastern Washington League, though very incomplete, saw Pasco clinch the title. Its official match score would be 5-3. It split two matches with Yakima, the Walla Walla Prison, and the Heppner, Oregon, team, and trounced Spokane twice to give it its plus score. Now that Max Baumwell is playng for Pasco there seems to be little hope for other first-boards, as this man defeats almost everybody who comes before him. Pasco also had the most complete record. Yakima's was l-2; Spokane's was l-2. The Prison team, Heppner, and the heretofore unmentioned Milton-Freewater, Oregon will be regular leaguers next year, and it is hoped the schedule will be completed.

## DR. MAX BAUMWELL

expent 1
The following is the first of a series of articles on Eastern Washington chess personalities to appear bi-monthly. The short biography on william H. Hoge which was printed in the July issue is to be considered the opener of the series.

Dr. Max Baumwell first saw light of day in a small town east of Vienna, Austria, in 1896. His chess playing career began at school about the age of 12 years. The game was tought in the schools by the Recreation Director, and many of the students were interested.

While in high school, and during the First World Yar, Russian soldiers invaded that part of Austria, and the Russian faster Alekhine was a member of the occupation army stationed in the town. He stayed there about four weeks, teaching chess theory to the local players, playing blindfold simultaneouses, and not losing. Some of Alekhine's great genius indubitably wore off on the Doctor.

After high school, Dr. Baumvell went to Vienna to study medicine. While attending the University there, he joined one of the leading chess clubs; and in 1927 won first prize in the Vienna Open Swiss Tournament against 52 players. He still has the handsome, inscribed gold swiss pocket watch he received as first prize.

In 1930 he went to Mareno, Italy, for further medical University study, and after graduating there, stayed and practiced medicine as a specialist in chest diseases. He found he had to give up most of his chess playing in favor of his practice, but in 1930 he won the Northern Italy Championship at Nareno, and has two inscribed gold medals given to him as first prize. In 1933 he attended another similar tournarent at :lareno, but only in an advisory capacity and not as an active participant. The chess clubs gave him a bronze medal for his activity at that time.

In 1938 Dr . Baumell came to America, and attended a University at Chicago. Taking his medical degree there, he moved to pooneville, Arkansas, as a resident physician at a sanatorium there. He remained there until 1943 when he became chest Clinician at Bellmont, California. In 1946 he moved to his present post at the Veterans Hospital at Walla Walla.

Since he came to thin country, the Doctor has played no chess whatever until last year when he had a few friendly gemes. This year he became an active member of the Pasco Chess Club. A large part of the credit for his renewed interest goes to Herb Tedro, president of the Pasco Chess Club. In the three tourneys he has played in he has won every game. The last of these were two games on first board acainst Richard Creenwood, champion of Spokane, in July, $1,53$.

The Doctor considers his gane very much on the decline, and says that chess is a young man's game--and an old man's pastime.
(riesearch by fuassel Blackler)

IN ILLTON-FREEWATER, ORECON,---Russel Blackler, an outstanding organizer and chess player, has begun the organization of a Wilton-Freewater or Walla Walla chess club, Walla Walla is only about ten miles from Miton-Freewater, and the combined strength drawn from both citics should give a worthy club and strong team. Blackler is being aided in his efforts by his wife, and by Ray Kaser.

NOTE SPECIAL CORRESPONDENTS--Those who have received and answered special cards or letters from Oliver lafreniere: I cannot acknowledge all cards giving me correct information on status of membership. Plecse realize that all information you may have sent me is properly noted and recorded. Thankyou.

# NOURSE AD N $\sqrt{A U S E A M}{ }^{\circ}$ 

Frevious articles of tinis aerios haveshom the difficulties encountered in playing chess with a dictator or king. Napoleon Bounaparte's dispooition mas no better than his predecessors, and his manners, from the record, seem to be worse.

Napoleon was quite a chess addict, and often whiled the tims away before an important battle by a gam or two with an aide. Following are three of his games. ons with a LFoneiur Bertram, one with a iadame de Romusal, (both probably depen dente of the Emperor, ) and the other vith the celobrated linelgel's "Autnaton".

The Emperor won the first two handily, probably because he was ír, Big, but in third game played in 1809 at Schonbrunn, the "automaton" defoated him easily.

The supposition of the time was that Allgaier mes inside the automaton, and fereling comparatively afe from retribution, proceaded to win his garne.

The tactful iradam de Ramusel, probably very familiar with court manorb, is to be thanked for the following interesting pre-game gosaip;-"iapole on anuse himelf for soms tize with his wife with more freedom than decenoy, then he ealled mo to a table to play shess. He did not play fairly as he mould not obey tho rules far the mewes of the game. I allowez him to do as re pleased, (smart gitl, ) then he began to whiotle betweon hif tooth. . (idell, they're not that bad, nove.)

Following are some mamplea of Fapoleon's play;-


## THE TWO BISHOPS SACRIFICE

by Stephen Falk
Emanuel Lasker made a great contribution to the happiness of all chess players when he discovered the pattern, back in 1889, for an explosive two-Bishop attack against a castled King.

In the opinion of many critics, this game is still the finest game of its kind.

1<br>Bird's Opening<br>Amsterdam, 1889

Emanuel Lasker Bauer
White

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KB4}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K3}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K3}$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ | B |
| 5. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q3}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN3}$ |
| 6. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB} 3$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 7. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B3}$ | $\mathrm{QN}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ |
| 8. | $0-\mathrm{O}$ | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ |
| 9. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ |

A modern player would find the Bishops of White suffuciently threatening to play 9. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 4$, removing most of danger to Black's King-side.

| 10. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 3$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 5$ | N 5 N |
| 12. | $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{N}$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 3$ |

13. Q-K2 P-QR3?

N-Q2 or N-K5 was necessary.
14. N-R5! NExN

Missing White's next move. But the position was beyond salvation, for example $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Kl}$; 15. BxNP!, NxB ; 16. Q-N4.
15. BxPch. $1: \quad \mathrm{KxB}$
16. QxNch. K-N1
17. BxP!!
-•••
Only the second Bishop sacifice can prove the soundness of the first.
.... KxB
If $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B3}$; 18. R-B3 wins.
18. Q-N4ch. $\quad$ K-R2
19. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B3} \quad \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K}_{4}$
20. R-R3ch. Q-R3
21. RXQch. K×R
22. Q-Q7!
....
Winning one of the Bishops, and still retaining the attack!

| 23. | $\mathrm{Q} \times \mathrm{B}$ | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 24. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KBI}$ | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 25. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 7$ | $\mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{NI}$ |
|  | laking room for his King; White |  |

was threatening mate by 26. Q-N4ch. and followed by 27. R-B3.
26.
Q-N4ch.
K-B1
27. PxP
B-N2

If BxP; 28. Q-K6 winning the Bishop. But the following Pawn advance is decisive.

| 28. | P-K6. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 29. Q-N6 | R-N2 |
| 30. RxPch. | P-B3 |
| 31. | QxBch. |
| 32. | Q-R8ch. |
| 33. | K-NI |

for the two-Bishop sacrifice, it is also a fine example of forceful Queen play.


Aron Nimzovich White

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{O} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB} 4$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B4} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| 5. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| 6. | $0-0$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ |
| 7. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 3$ | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ |
| 8. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{CN} 3$ |
| 9. | $\mathrm{QN}-\mathrm{Q2}$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 10. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Bl}$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K} 2$ |

As a result of White's tame fourth move, we have a position which is quite level. In the following phase Nimzovich makes the mistake of thinking exclusively along positional lines, forgetting all about the tactical possibilities he is creating for his rival.

| 11. | $\mathrm{BPxP} ?$ | KPxP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{R} 4 ?$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 3$ |
| 13. | $\mathrm{KN}-\mathrm{B3}$ | $\mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{QI}$ |
| 14. | $\mathrm{PxP} ?$ | PxP | center; but Black has a fine, free game with formidable attacking prospects.

## 15. B-N5?

N-K5!

| 16. | BxN ? | BxB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2$ | NxN |
| 18. | $\mathrm{N} x \mathrm{~N}$ | P |
| 19. | PxP ? | $\ldots$ |

Pardonably oblivious of Black's brilliant plan. It's true that PoKY, QR5; 20. P-N3, Q-R6 leaves Black with excellent attacking chances.

| 20. | KxB | BxPch.!! |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 21. | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N}$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 5 \mathrm{ch}$. |
|  | Amazingly | enough, this Bishop | will be miraculously preserved to give checkmate eleven moves later!

22. P-B3

If KaB, Q-N5ch; 23. K-R1, R-Q4; 24. (ExP, R-R4ch.d; 25. $0 \times R$, Quench.; 26. K any, Q-N4ch. and White's N is lost.

KR -Kl!
Menacing $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 7$. Now if $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{Q}$, N6; 24. N-K4, RaN: Or KR -Kl, PeRch.; 24. ReP, QxRch.; 25. KxB, Q-K7ch.; 26. K any, R-Q4 etc.

| 23. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 24. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 2$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 8 \mathrm{ch}$ |
| $\mathrm{B} \times \mathrm{R}$ |  |

An embarrassing situation for White: he cant even play 25. RxB, for then Q-R7ch, win the Queen.

| 25. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 5$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B4}!$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 26. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B3}$ | Q |
| 27. | K 7 ch. |  |
| 28. | Px | RxNch: |
|  | P-B5ch.!? |  |

In the heat of the battle he misses Q-N6ch.!; 29. K-Q2, Q-B7ch.; 30. K-Q1, Q-K7 mate.


Because of the derivative nature of his beautiful combination (LaskerBauer game) Tarrasch lost his chance for the First Brilliancy Prize.


Alexander Alekhine
Drewitt Black

| 1. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QL}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 4$ | $\mathrm{~F}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ |
| 5. | PxP | BXP |
| 6. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | $\mathrm{O}-0$ |
| 7. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{BL} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ |
| 8. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 3 ?$ |

retreated along his original diagonal, is quite useless here.


This permites White to secure a definite advantage; but Black must do something before he is overwhelmed by the standard attack of R-KB3-R3 etc.
15. NXQN!

RxN
PaN is equally hopeless in a position sense, for after 16. P-B5, B-B2 17. Q-R4 and Black's Queen-side is cerotainly vulnerable.

$$
\text { 16. } \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B5} \quad \mathrm{~N} x \mathrm{P}
$$

Sheer desperation; after B-B2
17. B-N5 traps the Rook!
17. PxN

Bx ${ }^{P}$
Black is happy for the first time in this game: he has two Pawns, and is about to gain a third, for the lost piece. But Black has overlooked that the diagonal of White's Queen's Bishop has been opened.

| 18. R-KB3! | BxRP |
| :--- | :--- |
| 19. | RxR |
| 20. | $\mathrm{B} \times P \mathrm{Pch} .1!$ |
| BxR |  |
|  | KxB |

- Or K-b1, 21. BxPch., $1 \times \mathrm{B}$; 22.
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{N} 3 \mathrm{ch} ., \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 3$; 23. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{N} 4, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$; 24. $\mathrm{l}-\mathrm{B} 5$. 21. R-R3ch. K-Nl

22. ExP!! Resigns

Against P-B3; 23. B-R6!, $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{R} 2$;
24. Q-R5, B-Bl; 25. Q-N4ch., B-N2; 26. QxFch., K-Bl; 27. QxPch wins. Of course 22. KxB ; 23. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{N} 4 \mathrm{ch}$. leads to mate.

## 4

Sole System
Belgian Championship, 1936
(First Brilliancy Prize)
Koltanowski Defosse
White
Black

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | $\mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B4}$ |
| 5. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B3}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| 6. | $\mathrm{QN}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ |
| 7. | $0-0$ | $\mathrm{O}-0$ |

Koltanowski has played some notable games with this opening. After a slow start, White develops his pieces aggressively and Black must play with
great care.

| 8. | PxP | BXP |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 9. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 2$ |
| 10. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ |
| 11. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KI}$ | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KN} 5$ |
| 12. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 3$ | $\mathrm{KN}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |
| 13. | NXN | $\mathrm{N} X \mathrm{~N}$ |
| 14. | $\mathrm{PxP}!$ | PxP |
| 15. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | $\mathrm{~N} x \mathrm{Nch}$. |

Black has brought out his men quickly enough, but the isolated Pawn is a headache. Thus if 15 NxB ; 16. GxN and neither 16. B-K3 (17. N-N5!) nor 16. RQ1 (17. QxP!, B-R7ch.; 18. NxB, RaQ; 19. R-K8 mate!) will do.

| 16. | $\mathrm{C} \times \mathrm{N}$ | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | $\mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{Q} 1$ |
| 18. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 2$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 4$ |
| 19. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q}_{4}!$ | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{QB} 4$ |

The threat was 20. $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{R} 5, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 3$; 21. Q-R6 wins; or 20. P-KR3; 21. RxB !, PxR; 22. O-N6 with a winning attack.
20. QR-Q1
P-N5
21. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 5$ !
B-03

Or Q-N3; 22. $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N} 3!, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 3 ; 23$.
B-B7 wins.

| 22. $\mathrm{BxPch}!$ | KxB |
| :--- | :--- |
| 23. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 5 \mathrm{ch}$ | K |
| 24. | BXP |

On P-B3 Koltenowski gives 25. Q-R8ch., K-B2; 26. BxR, BxB (or RxB; 27. Q-R7ch.) ; 27. Q-R5ch., K-K2; 28. Q-R7ch, $\mathrm{K}-03$; RxBch. winning the queen. Or 24. P-B4; 25. R×B, KxB; 26. Q-R6ch., K-NI; 27. R-N6ch, K-E2; 28. RN7ch, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{KI}$; 29. RxQ, BxR ; 30. (l-K6 mate!
25. Q-N5ch. K-R2
26. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 4$
-•••
Now we see the point of White's 2lst move! Black's Bishop was deflected from attack on the Rook, which now is threating mate.

| 27. | K-RI | B-R7ch. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 28. KxQ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{KB} 5$ |  |
| 29. | QxB | BxR |
| 30. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 5$ | KR-NI |  |
|  | Resigns |  |

White threatens mate in two; if Black tries to escanc by 30. K-N2; White polishes him off with 3l. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{N} 5 \mathrm{ch}$. K-F2 (31. not $K-R I$, or $B I$ ); 32. $3-B 6$ (keeping the King fixed) and the Rook's check at R5 will be fatal.

## 5

Queen's Garnbit Declined Vienna, 1907
(Second Brilliancy Prize)

Carl Schlechter
Niaroczy
White
Black

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB} 4$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ |
| 5. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR} 3$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| 6. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | QPxP |
| 7. | BxP | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR} 3$ |
| 8. | $\mathrm{O}-0$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN} 4$ |
| 9. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 10. | PxP | BxP |

This partially peaceful scene
soon becomes a crushing atteck by White!

| 11. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN}_{4}$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{O} 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |
| 13. | NXN | BxN |
| 14. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{B} 2$ |
| 15. | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ |
| 16. | $\mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{K} 2$ |
| 17. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |
| 18. | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{Q} 5!$ | IXN |
| 19. | PxN | $\mathrm{KR}-\mathrm{Kl} ?$ |

haroczy does not attach enough importance to the opening up of attacking lines which has resulted from the exchange of Knights. OR-KI was far safer.

| 20. | PxP | ExKP |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21. | BxPch.! | K |
| 22. | C $-R 5 c h . ~$ | K-N1 |
| 23. | BxB | P -B 3 |

There is no good defense. If OxB; 24. Caxpch., (this explains why the 19th move of Black was faulty), K-Rl; 25. R-B5! ( $\mathrm{C} \times \mathrm{B}$ is also good) and White wins quickly.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { 24. } & \mathrm{BxP}! & \mathrm{PxB} \\
\text { 25. } & \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} & \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 2
\end{array}
$$

White was threatening 26. RN3ch., K-Bl; 27. Q-R8ch. and mate next move.

| 26 | R-N3Ch. | K-RI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

27. Q-B3
...
Having calculated his combination berorehand, Schlechter doesn't even notice 27. Qx@ch.!, KxQ; 28. R-B4! and mate follows.
.... Q-KB2
White was threatening mate in tr:o by 28. OxPch.; he was also threatening 28. R-R3.


Look's easy, doesn't it!

R. Pitschak
U.S. Open - Rd. 6

| 1. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB4}$ | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB3}$ | P-K3 |
| 3. P-K4 | P-Q4 |
| 4. BPxP | PxP |
| 5. P-K5 | N-N5 |
| $6 . \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 3$ | NxP |
| 7. Q-K2 | Q-K2 |
| 8. NxP | $\mathrm{N}-26 \mathrm{ch}$ |
| 9. K-Q1 | QxQch |
| 10 KxQ | NxBoh |
| 11 RxN | B-Q3 |
| 12 NxPoh | BxN |
| 13 RxB | N-B3 |
| $14 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | R-Bl |
| $15 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{B4}$ | K-Q1 |
| 16 RxP | R-Klch |
| $17 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{B4}$ | N-K4 |
| 18 RxKNP | NXB |
| $18 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | NxNP |
| 20 N-K5 | R-K2 |
| 21 R-N8oh | K-B2 |
| 22 R -Blch | K-Q3 |
| 23 P-Q4 | R-Q32 |
| 24 R -Q8ch | K-K2 |
| 25 RxRch | KxR |
| 26 RxRP | P-R4 |
| 27 P-N4 | R-R3 |
| $28 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 5$ | P-N4 |
| 28 P-N6 | R-B3ch |
| 30 K -N5 | RxBP |
| 31 R -R8oh | Resigns |

Ted Warner
U.S. Open - Ra. 7

| 1. P-Q4 | N-KB3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. P-QB4 | P-K3 |
| 3. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | B-N5oh |
| 4. B-Q2 | BxBch |
| 5. $Q \times B$ | P-Q4 |
| 6. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | 0-0 |
| 7. Q-B2 | QN-Q2 |
| 8. F-K3 | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Kl}$ |
| 9. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| $10 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{K} 5$ | Q-R4 |
| 11 0-0 | NxN |
| 12 PxN | N-Q2 |
| $13 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B4}$ | P-B3 |
| 14 B-Q3 | F-B4 |
| 15 FxP | BPxP |

$16 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{N} 5$
$17 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KN} 4$
$18 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{Q} 6$
19 PXP
$20 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{RI}$
$21 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KN1}$
22 BXP
23 NXB
$24 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{Q4} 4$
$25 \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{QL}$
$26 \mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{QBI}$
27 RXR
$28 \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{BB}$
29 NXN
$30 \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B7}$
31
$32 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 6$
$33 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 7 \mathrm{ch}$

Dr. B. Rozsa Ted ifamor
U.S. Open - Rd. 8

| 1. P-K4 | P-QB4 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | N -2B3 |
| 3. P-Q4 | Fxp |
| 4. NxP | N-B3 |
| 5. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B3}$ | P-Q3 |
| 6. P-KR3 | P-KN3 |
| 7. B-K3 | B-N2 |
| 8. Q-Q2 | 0-0 |
| 9. P-KN4 | P-Q4 |
| 10 PxP | NxP |
| 11 NxQN | PxN |
| 12 NxN | QxN |
| 13 6xa | PxQ |
| 14 0-0-0 | P-K3 |
| 15 B-N2 | B-12 |
| 16 KR-Kl | KR-Bl |
| 17 B-Q4 | R-B5 |
| 18 BxB | Ix $\times$ |
| $19 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | R/1-QB |
| 20 P-E3 | R/1-B2 |
| $21 \mathrm{R} / 3-\mathrm{Q3}$ | B-R3 |
| $22 \mathrm{R}-24$ | R/5-B4 |
| 23 P-KB4 | R-B5 |
| $24 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{B} 2$ | B-N4 |
| 25 RxR | RxR |
| $26 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Bl}$ | R-B4 |
| 27 P-N4 | B-R5ch |
| $28 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | RxP |
| 29 KxR | BxR |
| 30 P-QN5 | P-114 |
| $31 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | B-B6 |
| $32 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | B-R8 |

$\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB4}$
$\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{QB3}$
ExP
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B3}$
P-Q3
P-KN3
B-N2
P-Q4
NxP
QxN
PxQ
$\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$
KR-Bl
R-B5
IxB
R/l-QB1bishop must continue
R/l-B2 to check the king \&
B-R3 draw by perpetual ch.
R/5-B4 White must keep his
R-B5 king on K2-Q3 or he
B-N4 will lose. It looks like a draw:
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B} 4$
B-R5ch The above notes are by the editor. As in most games, the game was more interesting in the notes then in the actual play.


|  | Warner |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | P-Q4 |
| 2 | P-QB4 |
| 3 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ |
| 4 | $B-22$ |
| 5 | QxB |
| 6 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ |
| 7 | Q-B2 |
| 8 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| 9 | PxP |
| 10 | B-Q3 |
| 11 | 0-8 |
| 12 | $N-Q^{2}$ |
| 13 | P-QR3 |
| 14 | P-QN4 |
| 15 | QR-B1 |
| 16 | N-QR4 |
| 17 | BxB |
| 18 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 5$ |
| 19 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 3$ |
| 20 | NxN |
| 21 | NxP |
| 22 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 5$ |
| 23 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 3$ |
| 24 | Q-B5 |
| 25 | PxP |
| 26 | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{RI}$ |
| 27 | $Q-N 4$ |
| 28 | Q-R5 |
| 29 | NXQ |
| 30 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 4$ |
| 31 | P-R3 |
| 32 | P-N5 |
| 33 | K-N2 |
| 34 | K-B3 |
| 35 | KxN |
| 36 | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K} 5$ |
| 37 | K-B5 |
| 38 | PxP |
| 39 | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Rlch}$ |
| 40 | R/QB-KN |
| 41 | K-K5 |
| 42 | $\mathrm{F} \times \mathrm{Rch}$ |
| 43 | K-2Bl |
| 44 | R-B5 |
| 45 | R-R5 |
| 46 | K-B4 |
| 47 | K-B3 |
| 48 | R-R6 |
| 49 | K-B4 |
| 50 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ ! |
| 51 | P-Q5 |
| 52 | PxP |
| 53 | KxP |
| 54 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 4$ |

Robert Sobel
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$
P-K. 3
$\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 5 \mathrm{ch}$
BxBch
$0-0$
P-Q4
Q-K2
QN-Q2
PxP
P-B3
R-Kl
N-B1
B-N5
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 3$
$B-R 4$
$\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 3$
RPxB
P-KN4
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{R} 2$
P-N5
PxN
Q-B3
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 4$
Q-R3
R-K3
K-R1
R-KN1
QxQ
R-R3
NxP
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{N} 2$
$\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 4$
NxP dis.ch.
NxN
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B3} \mathrm{ch}$
$\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 3 \mathrm{ch}$
R/2-N3
PxP
$\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 2$
$\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{B} 3 \mathrm{ch}$
RxP
PxR
R-B3
K-B2
$\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K} 3 \mathrm{ch}$
R-K5ch
R-K2
R-B2
$\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 3$
PxP
K-K2
K-23
K-B4
Draw agreed

## $\frac{\text { TOURNAMENTS }}{\text { ILLINOIS }}$

 60 playere-1. Povilas Tautvaisas

6-1
$51 / 2-11 / 2$
2. Miroslev Turiansky

5122-11/2
NEW YORK
35 players-

1. Hens Berliner
$81 / 2-1 / 2$
7-2
$61 / 2-21 / 2$
6-3
$6-3$
M10-WES T
32 players-
2. Lce M-gee

5-1
2. John Penquite

5-1


1. Major Edrund Czispki
2. Bert Brice-Nash
3. Dr. Relph Underwood
4. Frank Muegler

## FLORIDA

26 pliyyers-

1. Nestor Hernendez
$51 / 2-1 / 2$
2. Col. F. D. Lynch
3. P.C.Knox.


47 playore-

1. Tony Archipoff
2. Heicing
3. Janee Schroeder

6-1
51/2-11/2
$5 \%-1 \%$
$51 / 2-1 / 2$
LOUISIANA
29 playere-

1. Edward Borsodi
2. Fred Curnings
3. Mre. K.N.Vines

4. R. Kujoth
5. N. Knapers
6. Mark Surgies

The USCF Board of Directors have completely revised the plan for the U.S. Championship in 1954. The eligible playere will be:

1) The three top players in the 1951 U.S.Cherpionship--Evans, Reshevsky, P-vey;
2) The six highest in the 1953 Candidates Tournonent in Philodelphic: Bisguier, Burger, Berliner, DiCanillo, Brandts, and Wachs.
3) The five players who placed high est in the U.S. Open at Milvakee; D. Byrne, Pavey, N. Rossolino, J.Shervin, and Horowitz.

At the New Jersey Open, Director Wooldridge reports; "One player wrote 'resigned' on his score sheet but before cnnouncing his reaignation, paused to look over the hopeless situation once rore. While he was thus torturing hinself his opponent offered $:$ draw. It was accepted deadpan and without coment, a truly wonderful exariple of rectraint and tect."

The 47 pleyer New Jorsey tourney was unique in the fact there were no forfeite or withdrawals.

After concelling the coheduled ratch in New York between tearic of the USSR and the USA: the Ruscians heve extended an invitation for a ratch in the Soviet Union in Novenber "in the interests of strengthenire friendshipi between the United Stajes and Soviet chess players.

The invitation was signed by V. Vinogradov, end was addressed to Sarucl Reshevsky end the other reabers of the US tear: who were stood up in July when the Soviet tean was rec=lled after travelling acfaras Paric.

Adding to the lore of $I_{k}$ rry Renlinger, 12 , of Long Berch, California, is the news that he has been reading Washington Chess Letter regularly for the past year. He hos the obility to read a Eaie score like others read an orlinary paragraph, con then play the gave back on $\varepsilon$. chescboard, with all the varictions that were noted. The Septer:ber WCL which contained the "Larry" story wes one of the exhibits
that helped gain a City appropriation for the Long Beach chess progrsen a.t Lincoln Park.

Another young atar is
reported fron the far-off country of Pakistan, where 13 year old N. Huscin has won the Karachi tournanent with an outstanding score of 18-2.

The long battle for the Correspordence Chess Championship of the World ves concluded when Harild Malr:gren accepted a draw fron C.J.S.Purdy editor of Chess World.

1. Purcy (fustralia)

101/2-21/2
2. Milugren (Sweden) $\quad 10-3$
3. Dr. Nepolitcono (Ite.ly) $10-3$
4. Berde (Norway) $91 / 2-31 / 2$

There were 78 sterters representing 22 rations. Pley started in July, 1947. under auspices of ICCA.

CALIFORNIA OPEN
( 66 players)

| 1. Eugene Levin | $6-1$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. P. L_piken | $6-1$ |
| 3. V. Prinutieff | $51 / 2-1 / 2$ |
| 4. M. Gordon | $51 / 2-1 / 2$ |
| 5. J. Hlexander | $512-11 / 2$ |

CALITORNIA STATE
(10 pleyer round robin)

1. H. Steiner
$71 / 2-11 / 2$
2. Henry Gross
$61 / 2-21 / 2$
3. Williar fiddieon

NEW JERSEY
( 47 players)

1. Franklin Howard
$51 / 2-11 / 2$
2. Saul Yariak
3. Ivan Romanenko
4. Eagar McCoraick

## BRITISH TITLE

(32 pleyers)

1. D. Yanofsky (Canc.da) $91 / 2-1 / 2$
2. P. Milner-Barry 8-3
3. R.G. Wade $71 / 2-31 / 2$

Nine Soviet players and six from the free world are engi.ged in a double round robin match in Zurich, Switzerland to find a contender to neet the present World Chompion, Botvinnik. At the end of 20 rounds Reshevsky had a slight lead over Sryslov.

Kitaap lounty chess fans gave an inspiring welcome to Elmars Zamgalis on his showing at the Bremerton Y.li.C.A. on Sept.30tin. Twentythree players turned out to challenge the raster, some driping 40 miles for the event, the dependable Henry Kaffenberger bringing two players from Gig Harbor. Almost twice twenty throe came to toh. Elmars had an almost perfect day, suffering no defeats and allom ing only two drams, one to Bremerton's old reliable Chas.iagerkurth, and the other to Jack Nourse, (luaky as usual). Dr Almord, who dren with Elmars at his first exhibition here, finally bowd after a long struggle.

Thanks to the conficence generated by Elmare volunteering to act as playing coach of the Kiteap ontry enthuaiasm is running high, and I am happy to roport that our team if training hard in an effort to reach the lofty heighte prophesied for us by fy friend Dan dada. ar'nt going to let you dom, Dan. You can count On us te be right close in there. In fact, if we can get a sub for Nourse me may even make 6th. place. Anyway we are going to give it the old college try.

Incidentally, we wish to make it elear that irr.Zemgalis volunteered his services, and that while we were greatly flattered by his offer we debated for some time if it would be best for the club. However, we considered the coaching benefits so invaluable, and the fact that his name and the attendant publicity yrould do much to revive our demoralized club, spark us for the season and furnish momentum for the years to come. are very grateful to Elmara Zemgelis for his so friendly geature.

Noticed at the erent way;-Frank Blakefield, old team mate of Hugh Enochsen, Henry Kaffenberger - ïr. Chess of Gig Karbor. . . Eerlyn Danskin of T.V.Dan fame. . Mir. Markuson, late of the Seattle Chess Club . . . Dick Axelson and C.Carter, tmo of Bainbridge High School's beat. . . they did alright too. G. Danes, a good club player from Sioux City and candidate for a position on the Kitsap team. Gerry iiller, another candidate for the team. . and many others whom we thank for the loyal support. The club meets Mednesdays, and on one Friday - the second- monthly.

Cause for sorrow in Kitsap is the withdramal from league play of our most friendly, dependable and self-atacrificing player - George Christey. It is bad enough to lose Chris the player, but the reason for his absence poses a question which may well become a bitter argument.

To elucidate, one has to trace the history of Chris' hobbies. First was checkers, which he played for seteral years, associating mainly with checker players. Next came chess, during which phase Chris associated mainly with chess players. So far, so good. But, now comes the unwholesome news that Chris is interestm ed in training dogs, and will asoociate henceforth manly with dogs. These winter Sundays Chris will be cheek by jowl with dogs, while his team an will, as usual be nose to nose vith choss players. Gat bothers me is tiris - Has Chris dogenerated from chess to dogs ar should the trend be in reverse. Ne.Nourse is positive that this is a definite intellectual upsurge. I nonder what iirs. ilade thinks.

Frankly, it has me on the ropes.

Big disappointment of the opening loaguc match in Bromorton mas tic failure of the $U$ of $\alpha$. to ficld a team. Rather than accopt tmo forfeits Kitsap agrood to play the dofaulting tro playcrs the following Sunday. Bc ironic, should me losc, dont you think, ch.

Olympia $6 \frac{1}{2}$
Seattle $3 \frac{1}{2}$
The Seattle Chess Club was ambushed at Olympia by kulford, Cerrctelli and Co. to the tune of $6 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2}$. Seattle was nearly blanked on the top three boards which was enough to win.

The win put the Olympia team into the ebony-hued horse class in the race for the Fuget Sound League championship.

Scattle will need reinforc ing as their next opponent is the powerful Tacomn Y.in.G.A.

Olympia $6 \frac{1}{2} \quad 2 \mathrm{~V}$. Seattle 3 . Bever ${ }_{0}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ Joe Cerretelli 2 F.H. Weaver 0
 C. Harmeson 0 E. Carlson 2

Tacora Y. 5 Seattle Y. 5
The two title fivorites net head-on at Scattle and when the firing censed, neither side could clain a victory. Tacoma sprung a "secret wezpon" on the Y.M.C.A.ers with Latvien player Victor Pupols playing on first board. Russell Vellias successfully blunted this weapon, however, playing Pupols to a pair of draws. Tacona nerrly repeated their $5 \frac{1}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$ victory of lest year as the score was tied at $4 \frac{1}{2}-4 \frac{1}{2}$ and Pupols had a rook and two isolated pawns against one rook for Vellias. Vellias did manage to save the game and the match and so both teans are still seeking their first win.

Tacoma Y. 5 Seattle Y. 5 Victor Pupols 1* Russ Vellias 1 Vernon Holnes 1 Chas.Joachin 1 Les Coubrough $\frac{1}{2}$ Daniel Wade $1 \frac{1}{2}$ R. Collins $\frac{1}{1}$ Wax Bader $\frac{1}{2}$ *2 draws.

West Seattle 5 MeNeil Island 5
The West Seattle Chess Club tean invaded licNeil and fought that institution's teari to a 5 to 5 deadlock. The West Seattle players werc not too happy over the outcone, fecling that they would have won if they had not cornitted ssue awful blunders:


Kitsap 5 U. f Wash. 4
On October 18 part of this match was played with Ted Warner of the University losing a very close contest to Elnars Zergalis playing for Kitsap. Rosberg defeated Jack Nourse $2-0$ to give the U.W. 2 points but Dr. Alriond downed Edberg $2-0$ to give Kitsap 2, so the score after the first day stood 3-2 in Kitsap's favor.

On Sunday, 0ct. 25 th, the match was resuried. Zerigalis won a good gane fron Wamer, Charles Magerkurth of Kitsap split two with Dr. Ernest Michael and Alan Clark won a gance fron Blakeficld on 5 th board. Warner reported that the Clark-Blakefield gane took a long time to play and Blakefield had an appointrient and did not have time for the second gane. This is contrary to the report called in by Jack Nourse (who was not on the soene) saying the $U$. of Washington ran was the one who was unable to stay for the second gane.

The score stands at 5-4 in favor of Kitsap at this writing. A box seore will be printed if and when the natch is corupleted. Let's get that 40th garie played:

Nov. 8th ratch play: Seattle Y.M.C.A. at MeNeil, U. of Washington vs. West Seattle at Seattle Chess Club, Seattle Chess Club at Tacona and Kitsap County at Olympia. Round 3 will be on Nov. 29th and finds U. of Wash. at MeNcil, Seattle Y. vs. Seattle at Seattle, West Seattle at Olyipia and Kitsap County at Tacona.


Postal games completed to Oct. 30, 1953

0. M. Hardinge advises that he will be unable to continue with his games and therefore is resigning all of them. We are sorry to lose him as a postal player as he has been one of our most prolific contestants.

Here is a nice compliment to WGF postal chess players from Bob Cairncross of Eugene, Oregon. "I think the W.C.F. postal players are the best and most congenial that I have had the pleasure of playing with".

Fred Mark is on an automobile tour of the Eastern States and expects to be back about November 10 to resume his games.

An error was made in the September issue in computing the ratings of Howard, Husby and Kendall. Correction is made in this issue.

Don Roberts has catalogued the peculiarities of play of each of his contestants in an effort to be able to predict what they will do under certain circumstances. He has your Director down as always moving P-KR3 when it looks like the opponent is getting ready to move $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 5$. Hope he don't get fooled to often on thinking that certain moves are habit forming. We have a game going with him that is now in the 68th move. He says it is a draw, we say it is a win. Maybe sometime next year we can report the result. The game is now in its third year so what care we for a little more time.

Dan Wade is hoping to clean up all of his opponents in the section that he has going, but we suspect that some of his opponents have different ideas.

POSTAL CHESS TOURNAMENTS
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