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LETTER



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Editor-Publi sher $\qquad$ Dan. Wade 11030 Chelsea Place N. E.__Seattle 5.
(Use Zip code number 98125 )
Circulation \& Postal R. R. Merk 1026 N. E. 7lst St. $\qquad$ Seattle 15.

## Treasurer

$\qquad$ F. H. Weaver
501 Olympic Place Soattle 99.
Ratings Director $\qquad$ Jim Montgomery
1329 S. W. 172nd St. Seattle 66.

To subscribe, send $\$ 2$ chock or money order made out to the Washington Chess Federation to R.R.Merk, 1026 N. E. 7lst St., Seattle 15, Washington. 12 issues per year.

Send news, exchanges, tournament notices and games to Dan Wade, 11030 Chelsea Place $N$. E. (Zip 98125 ), Seattle 55, Wa shington.

## PROCRASTIITATION - PUBLIC ENEMY NUMBER ONE <br> TO ORGANIZEI CHESS 1 !!!

Realizing that a late start would result in a late appearance of the June Washington Chess Letter, Ye Ed started work on last month's "production" as early as June 6th. Interruptions and procrastination during the next three weeks and the magazine is finally in the mail on the 26th: The thing then takes another three or four days going through the mail - so what's the use? Why does it take so long? Well, we usually have only enough to fill 3 or 4 pages by the middle of the month so an even earlier beginn ing would do no good: Contributors must all feel that since the magazine comes out during the last part of the month, they can all PROCRASIIIATE until then and then send it in creating a physical impossibility for the ed-itor-publisher who is expected to create ten pages, run them all off on the machine, pick them all up, and mail inside the last 8 - 10 days of the month and still get the magazine out on time. So please, in the future, act NOW - do not PROCRASTINATE. The editor.

OID TOURAMENT SCHEDULE FAST RUNNING OUT :
Our tournament schedule will soon be completely passe. Already we have had inquiries about the Washington Woodpushers, Washington Open, Puget Sound Open and the Puget Sound League. Boeings is entering a team into next season's league play incidentally. So after we consult the tourney director, we should have the start of the new tournament schedule and Puget Sound League schedule in our next issue. Looming ominously in future calculations will be the the task of locating suitable quarters for coming events. No one seems to be enthusiastic about accepting the job of seoking quartors for coming events and in order to have a tournament schedule, these sitas must be known now - not just prior to the scheduled event.

Now is the time to join the 1963- 64 Puget Sound League。 Entry fee is ${ }^{3}$ for a team. If a club wants to receive the magazine monthly ${ }^{2}$ additional. If a club wants the annual Washington Chess Letter Year Book, another $\$ 3$. Grand total ${ }^{*} 8$

Clubs should send their money orders or checks made out to the Washington Chess Federation to the editor, Dan Wade, 11030 Chelsea Place IV. E., Seattle 55, Washington - Zip 98125. These natches are played on Sunday afternoons at 40 moves per hour, two games per player, with teams of five players to a side. A sixth player is permitted to play the second game on fifth board. Clubs should send not only their writing addresses but the address of the site where they intend playing matches.

## REMAIINING 1962-63 TOURNEY SCHEDULE

AUGUST 3-4 SEAITLE SEAFAIR TOURINAMENI.

## AUGUST 10 ZEIGALIS SIMULTANEOUS EXHIBIT.

Both at Seattle Conter Food Circus on the balcony. Registration for Seafair Open 8-10 a.m. A six round Swiss. $\$ 100$ lst prize minimum guaranteed. WCF membership required. Champ. section USCF. Reserve section non-USCF. Registration for Zemgalis Simultaneous on Aug. 10 at 5-6 p.m。 Only $\$ 1$ per board.

AUGUST 31 - SEPTEIBER 1 - 2 ANUTUAL OREGON OPEN TOURINANENT to be held in Portiand.

# SEATTLE SEAFAR OPEN-AUCOST 3-4 

Saturday and Sunday, August 3rd and 4th, are the days of the 1963 Seattle Seafair Open chess tournament. This tourney has always been the biggest northwest chess event of all \& this year's certainly should be no exceptiond

First, we have a minimum of $\$ 100$ ash for the first prize. This amount is guaranteed by the Washington Chess Federation. Second, this year's tourney will be held on the balcony of the Seattle Center's Food Cirous. Just think, between moves or after a game you can walk a short distance and get almost anything to eat you can imagine. The annual Seafair grand parade ends up in the high school stadium just accross the street from the Food Circus so you do not have to miss it either.

The tourney will be split into the championship and reserve sections that have been so popular all year. Washington Chess Federation membership is required for both sections ( $\$ 2$ per year which entitles you to 12 issues of this magazine ) and United States Chess Federation membership ( $\$ 5$ per year ) is required if you play in the championship section.

There will be cash prizes for second and third in the championship section and cash prizes for the top three in the reserve section too. These prizes will be determined by the number of players entered.

Entry fee is $\$ 5$ (juniors $\$ 3$ ) for the championship section and $\$ 3$ (juniors $\$ 2$ )in the reserve section.

This is a six round Swiss, three games per player each day with round one getting underway at 10 a.m. Registration starts at 8 a.m. The time control is 50 moves in 2 hours and the tie-breaking is Median followed by a secondary Solkoff.

Former Seafair Champions

|  | noan Suttles |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6. | Viesturs Seglins |
| 1960 | Viesturs Seglins |
| 1959 | Viktors Pupols |
| 1958 | Ivars Dalbergs |
| 1957 | Viktors Pupols and James MoCormi ck |
| 1956 | Robert Edberg |
| 1955 | William Bills |
| 1954 | Ivars Dalbergs |
| 1953 | Elmars Zemgalis |
| 52 | O. W. Manney |

## ZEMCALIS' SIMULTANEOUS AUCUST $10^{\text {TH }}$

Seattle Chess Master ELHARS ZEMGALIS, who hails from Lattia, will hold a simultaneous exhibition Saturday evening August loth on the balcony of the Food Circus in the Seattle Center. Registration is between 5 and 6 p.me with play scheduled to start at 6 . Only $\$ 1$ per board to match wits with this great player.

Mr. Zemgalis has a northwest tournament record unmatched by any other northwest master with the exception of the internationally known ARTHUR DAKE of Portland. Zemgalis won the Washington. State Championship in 1959 and 1953 without the loss of a game. He won the Seafair Open in 1953 and the Puget Sound Open in 1955 without the loss of a single game o Elmars Zemgalis won a matoh over chess master OLAF ULVESTAD also without the loss of any game, winning two and drawing two in their four game match.

Mr. Zemgalis met Arthur Dake in a Portland vs. Seattle match in Centralia a decade ago. They played a draw. Mr. Zemgalis has also met ELOD MACSKA.SY of Vancouver, Bo C. and they have broken even in their last two games in matches between picked teans from Vancouver. B. C. and Seattle.


The decisive last round encounter in the EVERGREEN EMPIRE OPENT in Fircrest was rather like a Homecoming game. Dalbergs and I went to high school together in West Germany • During this time we played countless games of chess with each other. We were rather evenly matched, and our present playing strength is largely due to these contests. Such competition in high school is still the surest; way to improve. A fellow learns a few things after a couple thousand losses: and nover again in life is there as much leisure time as in high school.

We had more than U.S. kids, because there were fewer distractions. There were no student governments, no football teams, no cheerleaders, no interschool matches, no electives, and no TV. Dating habits wero different. This allowed more time for chess.

We consistently played chess in class by hiding a pocket set in a desk. When it was confiscated, we took up blindfold chess. At first we passed notes on which moves were written. Eventually a full record became unnecessary; games were carried on as we walked to school in the morning, (six miles through snowdrifts); and teachers were powerless. The ones that played chess were aiso amazed, and it soon became our pleasant duty to engage thom in soothing games of chess so that the rest of the class could play hooky.

Although this is the longest-standing rivalry in Northwest chess, it has been a pleasant one, and has never skirted the edge of violence like a similar one with Jim McCormick. My score against Dalbergs in Northwest tournaments is one win, five losses, and two draws; (besides that, we drew a match 2:2), but I don't really mind losing to him. I only wish it were possible for both of us to take first place. In Fircrest, the next best thing happened: the title was our private affair; the other contestants had a chance only if we drew. The course of the game soon showed that this would not be the oase, and that there would be a winner, whichever one he was.
V. Pupols I. Dalbergs

Evergreen Empire Open, Fircrest

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB4}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K3}$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB3}$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 5$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K3}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN3}$ |
| 5. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q3}$ | $\mathrm{~B}=\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 6. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B3}$ | $\mathrm{O}-0$ |
| 7. | $\mathrm{O}-0$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ |

This is a common variation of the Wimzoindian defense. Black also could have played 7...P-Q4; but after 8. PxP, PxP he still has to work to open a diagonal for his Queen's Bishop.
8. N-QR4

The automatic move is 8. P-QR3. The text move, which loses a tempo, is possible because Black's King Bishop is in danger. If it retroats to K 2 on the 9 -th or 10-th move, no harm has been done.

| 8......... |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9. PxP | PxP |
| $Q=-\mathrm{B} 2$ |  |

He plans a sneaky tactic: 10... N-N5, thrcatening mate in two.
10. P-KR3

P-Q4
It is bad for White to exchange now, since Black plants his pisces on Q4, the square in front of the isolated pawn, where they cannot bo attacked.

| 17. | P-B5 | PxP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 12. | P-R3 | P-B5 |
| 13. | PxB | PxB |
| 14. | N-B5: |  |

The position is at all times more important than absolute material equality. After 14. QxP, Q-B5 Wite would have a poor game becausc of his scattered Pawns. With the throat of queen exchange avoided, they are indirectly protected: 14... N-B3 15. P-N5, $\mathbb{N}-\mathbb{N} 516 . \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{Q} 2, \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 7$ 17. B-R5, Q-K2 18. R-Bl.
14.......... Q-N3
15. (x) P

The QNP is a liability anyway, and should be morcilessly sacrificod if the opportunity presents itself: 15... QxP 16. B-Q2, Q-N3 (not ...QxNP??) 17, B-R5, Q-B3 18. KR-Bl, and Black is in great danger.
15.......... B-B3

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 16. } \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 3 & \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Bl} \\
\text { 17. } \mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 4 & \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{Kl}
\end{array}
$$

Black is trying to attack the QNP with his Queen and his Knight This cannot be done if the Bishop is on QN4．

| 18．$N-K 5$ | $N-B 3$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 19. | NXN |
| 20. | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KI}$ |

White spent an enormous amount of time on this move．21．Q－R5 looks more natural，but results in no advantage if Black coolly plays $\cdots$ N－B2，eng．：

22．QxQ，PxQ 23．RxR，NxR．Because of opposite colored Bishops，the endgame is probably drawn：

22．$B x N, Q x B$ 23．$P-N 5, B-K I$ 24．$R-R 2$ ， QR－N1。 Again．White has troubles because his Pawn position in the endgame is loss sound than Black＇s．

Something has to be done to stop Black＇s Knight from traveling to QB2 to QN4 and forcing White to defend his weak Pawns－a hopeless task．The text move actually seems to facilitate the Knight＇s tour，by obscuring the Bishop＇s vision， but：

21．．．N－Q3 22． $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{N} 5, \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 5$ 23．ReP oh $K \times R$ 24．Q－N3 ch $K=B I 25$ c $B-R 6$ oh wins：

21．：QR－N1 22．$B-Q 2, N-Q 3$ 23．$Q-K N 3$ $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 5$（24． $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{N} 5, \mathrm{NxB}$ 25． RxP oh $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{R} 126$. Q－K5，Q－B2 27．Q－B6，Q－Q1 28．QxBP and wins；

21．．．QR－N1 22．$B-Q 2, N-Q 3,23$. Q－KN3．$N-B 4$ 24．RxN，PxR 25。 B－R6，P－N3 26．Q－K5 and wins．（The lines given are those whore Black gobbles up all the ma－ trial that cant get out of the way．Ho doesn＇t have toes

So the position is balanced－in an unbalanced way：White has weak Pawns and would have troubles in an endgame；he al－ so has superior mobility which offers hope of winning in the middlegame．

| 21．．．．．．．． | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 22． $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{KN} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR4} 4$ |
| 23． PxP | RXP |
| 24． $\mathrm{QR}-\mathrm{Kl}$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R} 2$ |
| 25． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 4$ |
| 26. | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{B} 1$ |

Tho game is only approaching its most interesting stage，and each player is al－ ready down to 15 minutes！White＇s attack－ ing position looks very promising，and a post－mortem shows he can win quickly and brilliantly：

28．NiP：PxN 29．RxKP，Q－NT4 30．$Q-K 5$ ， and the mate threat decides：

30．．．B－K5 31．RXB：
30．．．B－R5 32．P－QN3d
30．．．R（2）－R1 31。P－R6（threatening
RxN ch）．．． $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ 32． $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 7$ ．
28． $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{B} 3 \quad \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{N} 1$
29．Q－K2 B－R5
30． $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$
This has been White＇s mi staken idea． He thinks he can open the King file by force．There was a reasonable range of alternatives，including 29．QxP，which was not quite as strong as it looks．

| 30．．．．．． | $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{Q3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 31． $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B5}$ | NxP |
| 32. | RxN |
| 33. | $\mathrm{Nx} \cdot \mathrm{B}$ |
| 34. | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |

This is what White has been steering
for．He intended to mate with 36．Q－K8． But，it＇s check！


If you don＇t do your opponent in，you must do yourself in．Another player who apparently proceeds by this rule is Van－ cover＇s 17 year old Duncan Suttles．Since ho started participating in our tourna－ ments，he has become more and more of a threat（or should we say a road hazard？） He lost this crucial game，and with it the Pacific Northwest Juni or Championship be－ cause he insisted on attacking with Black， whether the position warranted it or not．

| C．Harmon | D．Suttles |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pacific NW Junior， | Scattlo |


| 1． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KN3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 3． | $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{B} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ |
| 4． | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 3$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| 5． | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| 6． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 4$ |

This isn＇t absolutely necessary；

6．．．P－K4 is possible．Black can allow P－R5 as long as he doesn＇t eastile King－ side．But Suttle＇s imagination is already running wildo

| 7． | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q2}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KN5}$ |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| 8． | BXN | PxB ？ |
| 9． | $\mathrm{O}-0-0$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR4} 4$ |
| 10． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 5$ |
| 11． | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{NId}$ |  |

A stitch in time。 Whito sees he will need QBl for his Bishop：

| 11．．．．．．． | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{R} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12．$Q-\mathrm{B} 2$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 5$ |
| 13． $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 1$ | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{KR} 4$ |

14．KN－K2
It is impossible to prove Black＇s Rook move an immediato loss of time。 If 140 P－K5；$P=Q N 4$ ．

| 1400．．．．．． | KR－R4 |
| :--- | :---: |
| l5．P－K5 | P－QN4 |
| The＂attack＂is beginning to look |  |

frightening。 It is useful to remomber that the strongest castled position is one in which no Pawns have been moved． Were White to move any of the Pawns in front of his King，Black could surely open some lines，and the＂attack＂would become an ATTACK。

| 16． | $\mathbb{N}-\mathrm{Q} 5$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QB3}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17. | $\mathrm{~N} \cdots \mathrm{~N} 4$ | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{N} 3$ |
| 18. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 5$ | PxRP |
| 19. | RxP | PxP |
| 20. | BPxP | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 3$ |
| 21. | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | BxP |

This，of course，is a blunder，very much like the one in the previous game． Black？s bost is 21．．OO－O－O ，after which he doos threaten oo．BxP；but if White de－ fonds carefully，e．go，22，NXB，PxN 23c $Q=\mathrm{NI}_{\text {，}}$ the tactical threats dimini shy and Black is loft with a houseful of permanent weaknesses－his Pawaso Particularly the advonturous KNP will be taken into custodyc It nover had a visa．

## 22．PxB

White sacrifices his Queen：Say， who＇s the attacking player around here？ Black resignso

Wo understand Suttles will play in the Jos．Open and tho Canadian Champion－ ship this summer and we wi sh him all the lucka（This reminds us of the time Jim MoCormick returned from the U．S．Open a much tougher nut）。 But he may be handi－ capped by an exalusive reliance on the Fianchotto del Re apening（1．．．P－KN3）． The more complicated lines against it
seom to offor White a slight edge．The quiot buildups，such as Harmon＇s，aro deceptive and treacherouso Here＇s another example：
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { L．Dreibergs } & \text { V．Pupols } \\ \text { Correspondence } T \text { im＇t，} 1959 / 60\end{array}$

| 1． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KN} 3$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2． | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ | $\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 3． | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q} 3$ |
| 4． | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB} 3$ |
| 5． | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B3}$ | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ |
| 6． | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{KN} 5$ | $\mathrm{QN}-\mathrm{Q2}$ |
| 7． | $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 2$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ |
| 8． | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{R} 6$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 3$ |
| 9． | $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QN4}$ ？ |

Certain comrades minimize the im－ portance of the openingso Ihis is in－ correct．Black loses the game with this moves correct is 9．．．Q－R4．The long con－ tinuation is only heroics．though the thrill－seeking reader will lick his chops over thom．

| 10．BxB | $K \times B$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 11．PxP | PxP |

Unpleasant；but the natural lla．e NxBP is met by $12 . \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 5$ ，KN－K5 13．NxN， $N \mathrm{NN}$ 14。 $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q4} \mathrm{E}$

$$
\text { 12. } \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 5 \quad \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KNI}
$$

The more natural l2e．．N－Kl loses the exchange in a bed position after 130 $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 6$ ： PxP 14． $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K} 5$ ， $\mathrm{KN}-\mathrm{B} 3$ 15． $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 3$ and 16．$N-B 6$ ．In the text，Black would play 14．．．Q－B2 and get two Pawns and a centra－ lized Knight for the exchange after 15. B－B3，NXN 16e BxR，N－B5．（15，NXN？R－Q1：）

13． $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 6$
14．$\quad \mathrm{N}-\mathrm{N} 5$
150 Q $\mathrm{NB}-\mathrm{N} 3$
16． $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 4 \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{NI}$
17． $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 5 \quad \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{B} 5$
18．P－R6 ch
$-\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{P}$
Black＇s hopes were riding on 18．．． K－Rl，closing all attacking filos；but a smothered mate is the horrible conse－ quonce：18．．．K－R1 19．QxQ，RxQ 20．R－Q8． N－Q2 21，RxR．NxR 22．N－B7：

19．Q－K5：
Provents Black from playing ．．．
N－B2 bocauso of mate．

| 19．．．．．．． | QxP |
| :---: | :---: |
| 20．P－KN4 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 5$ |
| 21．R－R2 | $Q=1 / 3$ |
| 22．N－R4 | Q－B3 |
| 23．RxN | KxR |
| 24．B－－B3 | QxN |

At this momont，White is dow a Rook and three Pawnsc

| 25. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Rl}$ oh | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 26. RxP oh | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 1$ |
| 27. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 2$ | $\mathbb{N}-\mathrm{R} 4$ |

And if white had to take with the Pawn, Black would win.

| 28. RxN | PxR |
| :--- | :--- |
| 29. QxP | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 2$ |
| 30. Q-R7 oh | $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B3}$ |
| 31. N-K4 oh | $-\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{K} 4$ |
| 32. Q-R2 oh | $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B5} 5$ |

Practicing to trap a King on an open board is exciting. If you'd like to try, play $32 . . . \mathrm{K}-25$ (.... K-Q4 33. N-B3 ch loses the Queen) and cover the rest of the note.
33. P-B3 ch, PxP 34. PxP ch. K-Q4 35. N-B5 ch. KxN 36. Q-B7 oh, K-N4 37. $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{B} 6$ ch, $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B} 438$. BxQ ch etc.
33. Q-R5 ch R-B4 (forced)
34. PxR

Black resigned, but would you liko to try to mate again? Play 34... QxP and don't look down.
35. Pxp oh, K-B5 (.... KxP 36. B-N4 mate; .... K-Q5 36. Q-QB5 mate) 36. B-N2, Q-R8 ch $37 . \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{Q} 2, \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B6}$ ch. 38 . K-K2 and 39. Q-KN5 mate.

Until Dick Parsons returns, we're not going to have a theoretical section. The best I can do is give games illustrative of some variations. The following two form a couplet on the Dilworth variation of the Ruy Lopez. Strangely, the theoretician is on the losing end of both these whirlwind affairs.

Re Parsons G. Neufahrt
Wh. State Championship, 1963

| 1. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K} 4$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{K4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{QB3}$ |
| 3. | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} 5$ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 3$ |
| 4. | $\mathrm{E}-\mathrm{R4} 4$ | $\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ |
| 5. | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q4} 4$ |  |

Parsons publishod analysis of this center attack some months ago.

7. 0-0

Not sufficiontly flexibly played, in my opinion. After 7. PxP Black cannot develop by rote: ...P-Q3? 8. B-Q5

| 7........ | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q4}$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| 8. PxF | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K3}$ |
| 9. Q-K2 | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{QB4}$ |
| 10. QN-Q2 | NxISBP ? |

This sacrifice of two pieces for a Rook (and pawns) has been tried in a slightly different position (seo next game.) It seems less satisfactory here.

- 11. RxN

0-0
12. K-Rl?

Fortifies Black's variktion. 12. $\mathbb{N}-\mathrm{Bl}$ is correct. It develops the Qucensido pieces.

| 12........ | BxR |
| :--- | :--- |
| 13. QxB | P-BZ |
| 14. Q-N3 | PxP |
| $15 . ~ N x P$ | $Q-B 3$ |
| $16 . ~ Q N-B 3 ?$ |  |

White has wasted too many moves. Even after 16. KIV-B3, QR-Kl Black has an ideal attacking position for this variation and should win.

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16...........
QxN (4)
White resigns.
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We have many talonted correspondence players in our postal sections. Bob Allyn deserves recognition for this effort and for his "I'm from Missouri" attitudo.
R. W. Allyn $\quad$. Pupols

62 A 9 A; playod 1962/63

| 1. | P-K4 | P-K4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | N-KB3 | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{QB3}$ |
| 3. | B-1N5 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR} 3$ |
| 4. | B-R4 | 1 $1-\mathrm{B} 3$ |
| 5. | 0-0 | NXPP |
|  | P-Q4 | P-QN4 |
|  | B-N3 | $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Q} 4$ |
|  | Pxp | B-K3 |
|  | P-B3 | B-QB4 |
| 10. | QN-Q2 | 0-0 |
| 11. | B-B2 | NXXKPP |
| 12. | RxN | P-B3 |
| 13. | PxP | QxP |

In the light of this game, this variation appears playable only with 13...BxR che But that's another story.

| 14. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Bl}$ | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{K4} 4$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15. | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{Q4}$ |
| $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{R} 5$ |  |

So far, theory. MCO now continues 16. QN-B3, NxN ch 17. NxiN and gives White a slight plus. It does not contain tho game Sternberg-Bloodgood, Norfolk, Va., 1959, which Black won after four more moves: 17e.. RxN: 18. PxR, R-Kl: 19.Q-K2 B-Q2 20. Q-Q2, BxR oh 21. QxB, R-K8 ch I was familiar with this trap, but
16. P-KN3

Q-R4
Congratulating myself on further
weakening his KB3.

| 17. B-Q1 | B-KiN5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18. $\mathbb{N}(2)-N 3!$ | BxIN |
| 19. PxB | RxR |
| 20. $2 \times \mathrm{RR}$ | R-KBI |
| 21. Q-K1d | N-Q6 |

With one more attacking tempo (o. g., $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{B7}$ ) Black would win. 22. Q-K6 ch! Exploding the pipedream.
22........
$B x Q$
23 BxQ
Whito won shortly,
Please send in your best games to Dan Wade. lify lost games usually show my opponents at their best, and are therefore creditable. But they are rathor infrequent, \& will not fill up too many games sections. Vik


Thanks to our California correspondont, GEORGE BISHOP, who mado the sceno in T. A. , we give you a blow by blow account of the first two rounds of the Piatigorsky Cup Tournament - the biggest chess event held in this country in several decades.

An audionce of over 500 reserved its heartiest applause for the introduction of Mr . and Mrs. $\mathrm{CR}_{\mathrm{R}} \mathrm{EGOR}$ PIATICORSKY, creators of the foundation which sponsored the tmt.

Gome 1 - Keres $\frac{2}{2}$ Petrosian $\frac{2}{2}$. Petrosian played the Caro-Kann \& parried Keres's K -side attack with 0-0-0 in a well-fought draw.

Game 2 - Najdorf 1 Panno 0. Panno es. sayed the rather backward Benoni Defonse and got a cramped position, sackod a pawn to get control of open lines. Wajdorf put strong pressure on the $K R$ file putting Pamo on the defense \& at the ond Najdorf's pawn chain is ready for a quick advance as Panno resigned.

Game 3 - Olafsson $\frac{1}{2}$ Gligoric $\frac{1}{2}$. Olafsson had the better of it at the end against Gligoric's Sicilian but with practically no time left on either clock, Olafsson offored a draw which was immediately accopted.

## - Game 4-Reshevsky-Benko adjourned.

Reshevsky barely escaped losing on the clock \& is expected to win. Reshevsky obtained a clear advantage in the opening against Benko's King's Indian. First Benko sacked a pawn to trap a rook \& then Reshersky gave up the rook for a bishop which led to capturing 2 of Benko's pawns giving him material superiority. A dispute arose over whether or not Reshevsky made his 40 th move in time \& was decidod in Reshevsky's favor.

Round 2 - Game 5 - Gligoric 1 Petrosian 0.
Petrosian loses so rarely that when he does it is news. We give the game here.

| Gligoric | Petrosian | $25 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{K} 3 \quad \mathrm{BxN}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 26 RxB , K-N2 |
| 1. P-TK4 | P-K4 | $27 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{B} 2 \quad \mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{Q} 4$ |
| 2. $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{KB3}$ | N-QB3 | $28 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{R} 3 \quad \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q} 7$ |
| 3. B-N5 | $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{QR} 3$ | 29 Q -iN4ch. K-R1 |
| 4. B-R4 | N-B3 | $30 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Q1}$ RxRch. |
| 5. 0-0 | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | 31 QxR Qx\&ch. |
| 6. R-KI | P-QN4 | 32 BxQ , R-Q1 |
| 7. $\mathrm{B}-1 \mathrm{~N}$ | 0-0 |  |
| 8. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 3$ | P-Q3 | $34 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 8 \mathrm{ch}$. K-N2 |
| 9. $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{KR} 3$ | N - NI | $35 \mathrm{BxP} \quad \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{N} 6$ |
| 10 P-24 | QN-Q2 | $36 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K7} 7 \quad \mathrm{RxQNP}$ |
| $11 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | P-B3 | $37 \mathrm{B-25}$ K-R3 |
| $12 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{B5}$ | Q-B2 | $38 \mathrm{BxP} \quad \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{N} 4$ |
| 13 BPxP | BxP | $39 \mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{K} 6 \quad \mathrm{NxB}$ |
| 14 B-N5 | PxP | 40 Pxil $\quad \mathrm{K}-\mathrm{B4}$ |
| 15 BxN | PxB | 41 RxP Kxp |
| 16 NxP | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{B} 4$ | $42 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{R} 7$ R-R7 |
| $17 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{B} 5$ | BxN | 43 RxPch. Resign |
| 18 PxB | QR-Q1 |  |
| 19 Q-R5 | B-TK4 | Other games receiv- |
| 20 N-B3 | R-85 | ed from this tourn- |
| $21 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K3}$ | B-B5 | ament are being giv- |
| $22 \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{K} 2$ | B-67 | en over to Pupols |
| $23 \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{Ql}$ | $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{N} / 4$ | care for annotation |
| $24 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{N} 3$ | Q-Q3 | in our next WoC.L. |

Gano 6-Bonko 0 Kores 1. After Benko gained in dovelopment in the opening, Keres sacked a rook for a knight soon giving the Estonian the advantage. Keres' rook had a field day behind Benko's pawns \& Keres soon established threo passed pawns to win.
move $\frac{\text { Game } 7 \text { - Olafsson } \frac{1}{2} \text { Najdorf } \frac{1}{2} \text {. A } 16, ~}{\text { grandmaster draw." }}$
Game 8 - Panno-Reshevsky - ad journed. Just the opposite of game 7, exciting, hardfought, and at this writing, many possibilitics. Rounds 1 and 2 played July 2 - 3rd.

PIATIGORSKY CUP TOURNAMENT - ROUND 3. SUNDAY, JULY 7

First the two adjourned games were finished up on Friday, the 5th of July. Reshevsky's sealed move was 41. B-B8 and Benko resigned the game without further play in thei.r adjourned first round game. In game number 8 the adjourned position favored Panno but was by no means simple. Reshevsky's king was exposed while Panno's was relatively safe. This oventually proved the difference and Reshov sky resigned on the 63rd move.

Game 9 - Petrosian 1 Benko 0. All eyes were on this game, at first to see how the world champion would play after his loss in the socond round to Gligoric, later because of the growing drama in the game itself.

Benko sacked a knight for three pawns \& at one time had four passed pawns on the Qside. With fewer pieces on the board, they might have marched right on. Petrosian knew how to use the extra piece and advanced his own pawns while his rooks easily held Benko's black pawns back. Toward the end Petrosian. got a rook on the 7 th rank and a pin on Bonko's kni ght leftit Benko helpless.

Game 10 - Najdorf $\frac{1}{2}$ Gligoric $\frac{1}{2}$. A 32 move draw with the players castling on opposite sides but after the exchange of queens and rooks there was little lef't to try, and the agreement to draw was in order.

Game 11 - Reshevsky-01afsson adjourned.
Reshevsky had been ill over the weokend. When gamo time came he was there, slight fevor and all. After a quiet opening in which the queens were exchanged and a few moves later the rooks were exchanged, Olafsson, quite short on time, offered a draw. The offor was refused. In the last few moves before ad journmont, Reshevsky became quite venturasome and at adjournment time there were more problems for the playors to resolve than at any time before.

Game 12- Keres-Panno adjourned. Keres got the advantage in this King's Indian Dofense and maintained the initiative throughout the middle gamo maneuvers. At tho adjourn ment Keres had two active bishops opposed to Panno's bishop and knight. Whether this would prove significant is the question.

ROUND 4: MONDAY, JULY 8.
Game 13 - Najdorf 1 Reshevsky 0.
Najdorf took the tournament load by defeating Roshersky in a. 41 move Queen's Indian Defense.

Game 14 - Gligoric $\frac{1}{2}$ Benko $\frac{1}{2}$. An uneventful contest with no advantage for either player at any time. This Queen's Gambit Declined was drawn in 28 moves.

Game 15 - Olafsson 0 Keres 1. This was an 86 move Kingis Fianchetto Opening. After 40 moves the game was adjourned with Olafsson having every expectation of victory. But Olafisson then made some rather aimless moves and eventually the game was evon. Keres went on improving and finally won the game.

Game 16 - Panno $\frac{1}{2}$ Petrosian $\frac{1}{2}$. After 5 hours of the first sossion and six hours of the second, this game was still not finished: Petrosian had a rook and a bi shop versus Panno's rook with no pawns on the board which ordinarily is a draw The game finally onded drawn after a total of 111 moves.

## Adjournod games.

Game number 11, Reshevsky vs. Olaf sson,was drawn without further play. Game number 12, Keres vs. Panno, will be finished Friday, July l2th. This was because Panno's game with Petrosian. lasted so long.

## THE FOURTH ROUND STANDINGS

|  |  | W | L D | Score |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. Miguel Najdorf | Argentine | $2-0-2$ | 3 | -1 |
| 2. Paul Keres | USSR | $2-0-1$ | $2 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| 3. Svetozar Gligoric Yugoslav. | $1-0-3$ | $2 \frac{1}{2}-1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |
| 4. Tigran Petrosian | USSR | $1-1-2$ | 2 | -2 |
| 5. Oscar Panno | Argentine | $1-1-1$ | $1 \frac{2}{2}-1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| 6-7 Fridrik Olafsson | Iceland | $0-1-3$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}-2 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| 6-7 Samuel Reshevsky | USA | $1-2-1$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}-2 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |
| 8. Pal Benko | USA | $0-3-1$ | $\frac{1}{2}-3 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |

## LATER REPORTS

5th round results. Petrosian $\frac{1}{2}$ Olafsson $\frac{1}{2}$, Benko 1 Panno O, Roshevsky $\frac{1}{2}$ Gligoric $\frac{1}{2}$, and Keres $\frac{1}{2}$ Najdori $\frac{1}{2}$.

The adjourned game between Panno and Keres onded in a draw.

The 5th round was scheduled for Wed－ nesday，July loth but Reshevsky＇s game ag－ ainst Gligoric was postponed until Friday， the l2th because of Reshevsky＇s illness．

When they did play the result was a 24 nove draw．Benko won his first game in this round defeating Pamo．This was the most exciting game of the round．Benko had the advantage early but then seomed to go wrong in rapid transit play at the end of the first session．At that point Panno had two passed pawns connected and Benko had 1 passed pawn．Benko＇s proved more threaten－ ing and after both players queened a pawn， a few problem－like moves led to a win for Benko．

Round Six－Thursday，July lith。
Gligoric 1 Panno O．Svetozar Gligoric of Yugoslavia and Miguel Najdorf of Argentina were tied for first place with scores of 4－2 after six rounds of Piatigorsky Cup Chess Tournament play．Gligoric won a brilliant game in 31 moves from Oscar Panno of Argen－ tina．He sacrificed a rook for a knight and got a mating attack to which Panno had no de－ fense。

Olafsson 1 Benko O．Olafsson got a powerful passed pawn to win his first game of the tournament．

Najdorf $\frac{1}{2}$ Petrosian $\frac{1}{2}$ ．This draw put Najdorf into a first place Eie with Gligor－ ic．The two tournament leaders are the only unbeaten players．

Reshevsky 1 Keres 0．Keres lost for the first time in this tournament when he was defeated by Reshevsky．Reshevsky built up a strong position，foroing weaknesses in Kere＇s king side pawms．Fine tactics in a queen and rook ending netted Reshevsky two pawns and the game．

Round 7 is scheduled for Sunday，July 14th．Pairings are Keres－Gligoric，Petros－ ian－Reshevsky，BenkowiNajdorf，and Panno－01－ af＇sson．Rounds 8 through 14 are the same pairings as the first seven rounds only the players have opposite colors．

After six rounds only Panno and Benko appear outside the title picture．Na．jdorf and Gligoric lead with 4－2 but Keres is only $\frac{1}{2}$ point behind with $3 \frac{1}{2}-2 \frac{1}{2}$ ．Petrosian，Resh－ evsky and Olafsson are only one game out of first place all three having $3-3$ scores．

SEATILE C．C．SPEED TOURIVEY，FRI．JULY 5 。
DUNCAN SUTTLES of Vancouver，B．C．won the monthly Seattle Chess Club 10 seconds per move speed tourney．This was held on Friday evening，July 5th．Suttles scored $9 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ in the 11 player round－robin．GEORGE KENNY，who directed，finished second with 9－1．He lost no games but drew with Dunc－ an Suttles and SVEN MONRAD．Monrad placed third with $7 \frac{1}{2}-2 \frac{1}{2}$ ．Besides drawing a game with Kemry，Monrad lost to Suttles \＆CHAS． GREENUP．Groenup and RON ERICKSON finish－ ed tied for 4 th and 5 th each scoring 6－4．

The other players in the tourney did not do so well．Players and their scores： ？Pearson 5－5，Jim Nulder $3 \frac{1}{2}-6 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Zachery Wester $3 \frac{1}{2}-6 \frac{1}{2}$ ，Alan LaVergne $3 \cdots 7$ ，Dick－Dor－ win 2－8 and ？Reynolds 0－10．

MIKE FRANETT，who is now out of the service and back home in Seattle，tops the Seattle C，C．Perpetual Tournament Board． He is followed by FRANK FORRAY，BILL GILL－ ETTE，and JACK NOURSE．

V．W．BETVR PASSES
V．W．BEVER，long time member of the Seattle Chess Club and the Washington Chess Federation，died of a heart attack on Tues－ day，July 9th．He was 82．Because of his heart condition and his years，Mr．Bever had not participated in any of the serious weekend tournaments sponsored by the WCF ． He had confined himself to playing games with a group of Bellovue players who meet in each other＇s homes．Mr．Bever had re－ tired from his job as an accountant \＆mov－ ed to Bollevue in 1946.

Surprisingly，Mr．Bever came out of semi－chess retirement on the weekend of May 25－26 and played in the Seattle Open Reserve where he scored a creditable 3－3． He was doing well，according to a Bellevue player，only two days before his death．

We knew him as a gentleman，respect－ ed as a man and as an opponent．He will be missed．

WHERE TO PLAY CHESS
Mr．R．R．MERK would like to revive the＂Where to Play Chess＂column．The Seattle C．C．is open every day in room 620－B in the Seattle $Y$ o to start the ball rolling．Club secretarys write to Merk：


TOURINAMENT REPORTS NEVER SHOWED UP - MAYEE NEXT MONTH !

Eleven days, eleven pages and a tube of ink after our page one blast against procrastination we still have not heard from directors of tournaments at The Dalles, Fircrest and the Northwest Junior in Seattle. We have some of the games and our spies report that MCCORMCK won at the The Dalles, drawing DALBERGS in the last round to protect his $\frac{1}{2}$ point advantage in that tourney over Dalbergs. Dalbergs won on tie-breaking in the Evergreen Empire Open when Pupols missed a brilliant sacrifice which, if he had seen it, would have given Pupols first place $2 l l$ by his lonesome. As it was, Dalbergs had to share first through third money as Dalbergs, MeCormick and MacSkasy all finished 5-1 ( all winning 4, losing none and drawing $\mathrm{z}_{0}$ ) See games for crucial Pupols-Dalbergs contest.

Pupols \& GREGORY KERN finished just out of the money at Fircrest, both scoring $4 \frac{1}{2}-1 \frac{1}{2}$. Kern wrote: The outcome of the Evergreen Empire Open (Fircrest) was affected by several fluky games, Bell drew a. won king and pawn ending against MoCormick, Suttles had a killing attack against McCormick, blundered and lost and Kern had a winning game against Elod Ma.cSkasy and threw it away drawing. (Kern has now scored $1 \frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$ in his last two outings with "MacSkasy). We have also received some games for future games pages. Fircrest attracted 40 .

In Seattle at the Science Conter, CLARK HARMON won the N. W. Junior edging out DUNCANT SUTTLES ( see games) while PETER o'GORNAN \& JIM MULDR were next in the 15 player field. The Mondays July 8th Soattlo Times has a pic-


We understand that MACSKASY, SUTTLES and NEUFAFRT will miss the Seattlo Seafair Open they will be in Chicago a.ttending the UNITPED STATES OPFN at the Hotel Belmont, Aug. 11-24.

## TEAPOT TEMPEST

The Bellingham High School Chess Club was deeply disturbed by Mr. Ron Jarmon who had stated that Bellingham had offered to report Bellingham's match loss to Wilson of Tacoma. Bellingham offered to make the report but the offer was emphatically turned down by Wilson. Bellingham thus considored the matter closed. Anyway, the Chess Lotter considers it an honest mistake by someone. One side thought one thing and the other side something else so we have now received a report from both WILLIAM BLACKNORE of Bollingham and DAVE FULTON of Wilson \& they do agree
on the final outcome of the matoh, an 8-2 victory for the under-rated Wilson team.

Woody Wilson H. S. 8 Bellingham H. S. 2

1. Dave Fulton-1593 2 Myron Miller-1725 0
2. Ron Bennett-1479 2 Wn. Blackmorell733 0
3. Cal Bertram-1468 I Hugh Gregory-1560 I
4. Dave Williams 1 Stephan Ludwigl669 I
5. Tim Cassaw
$\frac{2}{8}$ Dave Cooley

TOURNATMENT TIE-BREARING SYSTEIUS
In the numerous cases where players in Swiss tournaments finish with the same wonlost records, threo tie-breaking systems are in general use.
(1) Sonnenborn-Berger. You get all of your opponent's mean score if you beat him and $\frac{1}{2}$ of your opponent's moan scoro if you drew with him in your $S-B$ total. You get nothing from opponents you have lost to.
(2) Solkoff. You total up the mean scores of all of your opponents regardiess of whether it was a win, loss or a draw and this is totaled to make your Solkoff total.
(3) Median. Same as Solkoff but then deduct one highest opponent \& one lowest opponent (this could include a bye if one was received in an odd-numbered field) total it and you have your Median total.

Moan scores differ from actual scores as your opponent is credited with only $\frac{1}{2}$ point for oach forfeit win and whers one of your opponents lost by forfeit, he is credited with a $\frac{1}{2}$ point. So on figuring tiebreaking alone forfeit losses \& wins figure in the calculations as drawn games. Also a bye is figured as a draw for tie-breaking.

## NOTES RECETVED

DICK VANMETRE says the Spokane C.C. is possibly the biggest in the state \& wishes to know the functions of the WCF. He says "who knows? maybe we could do each other (W CF and Spokane Club) some good. Anyhow we do need to know more about the WCF." (After all the free publicity we have given then we do not feel thore is much left to be said: Ed.)

DICK SCHULIZ finished lith in the Southern Open in New Orleans with $4 \frac{1}{2}-2 \frac{1}{2}$ \&e won $\$ 20$. 36 were in the championship section \& in all 105 entered this first Southern Open held in New Orleans in 42 years. Dick beat 2 masters (Mílan Momio of Florence, Alabama \& Adrion MaAuley of Now Orleans.) He is going to the U. S. Open next. (How about a report?) Dick has fini shod his WCF postal games \& is dropping out because of the great distances.

New players start in "A" Division with a rating of 1600, "B" 1300, and in "C" 1000. Send your entries to the Postal Director with the entry fee of $50 \phi$ per section of four players and if a new player in our tournaments, advise which Division you wish to play in. You can enter as many sections as you desire.

| 5/27 | REPORT <br> Section <br> 62C-8A <br> 62C-8B | OF GAIES CO |  | IO JUNE 30, | Pts. | 62A-7A |  | $2 \mathrm{~A}-7 \mathrm{~B}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Running | 1 | Taylor | 048 | Parsons | x 11 | x 01 |
|  |  | Running | 1 | Taylor | 048 | Morris | $0 \times \frac{1}{2}$ | $1 \times 1$ |
|  | 63B-2A | Baskett | 1 | J. Pattie | 040 | Weaver | $0 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{x}$ | $00 \times 12 \frac{1}{2}$ |
|  | $63 \mathrm{~B}-2 \mathrm{~B}$ | Baskett | 1 | J. Pattie | 040 | Guess | 000 | $000 x$ |
| 6/2 | $62 A-7 B$ | Morris |  | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 63A-4A | Morris | 1 | Parsons | 020 | Parsons wins this section and |  |  |
|  | 63A-4B | Morris | 1 | Parsons | - 20 | if he | 1 advi | ich prize |
| 6/2 | 62A-2A | DoIph | $\frac{1}{2}$ | Eilmes | $\frac{2}{2} 46$ | he wishes it will be awarded.$61 B-10 A \quad 61 B-10 B$ |  |  |
|  | 63B-2A | Skoglund | 1 | J. Pattie | 036 |  |  |  |
|  | $63 \mathrm{~B}-2 \mathrm{~B}$ | Skoglund | 1 | J. Pattie | 036 | Lyberger x 0 1 1 x 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 1 $4 \frac{1}{2}$  <br> Baskett 1 x 1 1 0 $x$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 0 3 $3 \frac{1}{2}$ <br> Chenoweth 0 0 $x$ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ x 1 3  <br> Merk 0 0 0 x 0 1 0 x 1  |  |  |
| 6/4 | 62C-4A | J.R. Donnelly | 1 | Waldron | 030 |  |  |  |
|  | 62C-11B | J.R. Donnelly | 1 | Youngman | 040 |  |  |  |
| $6 / 6$ | 62B-6A | Wick | 1 | M. Miller | 046 |  |  |  |
|  | 62B-4B | W. Rupel | 1 | M. Miller | 056 |  |  |  |
|  | Private | Jones | 1 | Skarsten | 060 | Iyberger wins this section for which he is entitled to one of the prizes which will be given if he will advise which one. |  |  |
| $6 / 10$ | 62C-11B | J.R. Donnelly | 1 | Dearing | 026 |  |  |  |
|  | 63C-1A | J. Miller | 1 | P. Pattie | 042 |  |  |  |
|  | 63C-1B | J. Miller | 1 | P. Pattio | 042 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 11 \\ & 6 / 15 \\ & 6 / 17 \end{aligned}$ | 61B-10B | Baskett | $\frac{1}{2}$ | Chenowe | $\frac{1}{2} 14$ | , |  |  |
|  | 61A-14A | Wilson | , | Mage | 059 | Since no word has been heard |  |  |
|  | 62B-3A | Dart | 1 | Merk | 028 | from Parsons since he took off |  |  |
|  | $62 \mathrm{C}-11 \mathrm{~B}$ | Youngman | 1 | Dearing | 048 | for Alaska, all of his games |  |  |
| 6/18 | 62C-12A | Stecher | 1 | Youngman | 052 | are declared as forfeited and |  |  |
|  | 62C-12B | Stecher | 1 | Youngman | 052 | each 'of his oponents awarded |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 23 \\ & 6 / 27 \end{aligned}$ | 62C-11A | Dearing | 1 | J.R. Donnelly | 080 | 20 points for each forfeited game. If any of them believe |  |  |
|  | 62A-9A | R. W. Allyn | , | Pupols | 084 |  |  |  |
|  | 62A-9B | Pupols | 1 | R.W. Allyn | 024 | that they have a won game and |  |  |
|  | $62 \mathrm{~A}-2 \mathrm{~A}$ | Pupols | 1 | Dolph | 0.44 | Will send in the score we will |  |  |
|  | $63 \mathrm{~B}-3 \mathrm{~A}$ | Laugen | 1 | Jensen | 060 | consider the awarding points |  |  |
|  | $62 B-3 B$ | Laugen | 1 | Jensen | 060 | on the basis of a win. |  |  |
| 6/19 | 63B-3A | R. Raymond | 1 | Jensen | 022 |  |  |  |
|  | $63 B-3 B$ | R. Raymond | 1 | Jensen | 022 | At last Dolph has been toppled |  |  |
| 6/30 | 62B-2A | Dart | 1 | H. Raymond | 072 |  |  |  |
|  | 62.1-9A | R.W. Allyn | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 62A-9B | R.W. Allyn | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 621-9A | C.L. Allyn | 1 | Parsons | 020 | ion. Pupols has taken over top position. |  |  |
|  | $62 A-9 B$ | C.L. Ally | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | $62 \mathrm{~A}-9 \mathrm{~A}$ | Pupols | 1 | P, arsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 621-9B | Pupols | 1 | Parsons | 020 | We welcome Heathman, Marsland and Seiter to the A Division, Becker and Don Denison as new players in the C Division. We will send their assignments as soon as we have other applications to fill up a section. |  |  |
|  | 63A-4 | Abrahamson | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | $63 A-4 B$ | Abrahamson? | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | $63 \mathrm{~A}-4 \mathrm{~A}$ | Weaver | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 63 速4B | Weaver | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 621-8A | Weaver | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | 62A-8B | Weaver | 1 | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |
|  | $62 \mathrm{~B}-8 \mathrm{R}$ | R.G. Smith |  | Parsons | 020 |  |  |  |

## PLAY CHESS BY MAlL!

Postal chess is a good way to improve your game. You can take enough time to thoroughly study each move. You can enter against any strength of competition and game results will soon give your rating its proper value.An advantage of playing Northwest players is that games proceed smoothly and rapidly with overnight mail. delivery. Ratings are adjusted and published each month.

Send entry fee of $50 \phi$ for a section of 4 players with each playing two games simultaneously with each of the others, to R. R. Merk 1026 N.E. 71 Street Seattle 15, Wash.


POSTAL CHESS RATINGS

| "A" Division Above 1500 |  |  | "B" Division 1200 to 1500 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Pupols | 2068 | 1 | Van Patten | 1470 |
| 2 | Dolph | 1982 | 2 | Baskett | 1462 |
| 3 | Morris | 1982 | 3 | Dart | 1456 |
| 4 | Weaver | 1898 | 4 | Van Sant | 1442 |
| 5 | Cummins | 1871 | 5 | Gifford | 1439 |
| 6 | C.I. Allyn | 1863 | 6 | Skoglund | 1429 |
| 7 | Knapp | 1829 | 7 | Chris tey | 1424 |
| 8 | Vellias | 1823 | 8 | Wick | 1402 |
| 9 | Wilson | 1815 |  | Beachy | 1400 |
| 10 | Abrahamson | 1806 | 10 | Benson | 1391 |
| 11 | ColJins | $\dagger 804$ | 11 | Webb | 1388 |
| 12 | R.W. Alily | 1802 | 12 | Chenowe.th | 1356 |
| 13 | 3 Mage | 1787 | 13 | Rader | 1355 |
|  | 4 Scripps | 1745 |  | Nagel | 1338 |
| 15 | 5 Schultz | 1676 | 15 | 5 Laugen | 1320 |
| 16 | 6 Harmon | 1668 | 16 | Cassino | 1300 |
| 17 | Howard | 1661 | 17 | Fry | 1300 |
| 18 | Parsons | 1660 | 18 | Reddig | 1300 |
| 19 | Vanatta | 1655 | 19 | Carlson | 1288 |
| 20 | Eilmes | 1649 | 20 | R.W. Miller | 1286 |
| 21 | Jones | 1631 | 21 | Running | 1282 |
| 22 | Skarsten | 1617 | 22 | Dickson | 1283 |
| 3 | 3 Cruz-Lagos | 1600 | 23 | Nede 11 | 1234 |
| 24 | + Campbell | 1600 | 24 | Rogers ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1228 |
| 25 | 5 Eng | 1600 | 25 | 5 Suttles | 1217 |
| 26 | 6 Erickson | 1600 | 26 | Ward | 1209 |
| 27 | Heathman | 1600 |  |  |  |
| 28 | johnson | 1600 | "C" Division cont'd |  |  |
| 29 | 9 Marsland | 1600 | Below 1200 |  |  |
| 30 | 1 Soiter | 1600 | 14 | + Alston | 1000 |
| 1 | R.G. Smith | 1576 | 15 | 5 Baldwin | 1000 |
| 2 | Woodward | 1545 | 16 | Becker | 1000 |
| 33 | Turner | 1531 | 17 | Butier | 1000 |
|  | 4II. Rasmond | 1530 | 18 | 8 Don Denison | 1000 |
|  | 5 Hager | 1526 | 19 | James | 1000 |
| 6 | 6 Guess | 1524 | 20 | Keating | 1000 |
| 7 | R. Raymond | 1508 | 21 | Lum | 1000 |
| 38 | Monrad | 1504 | 22 | Reh | 1000 |
| "Cl Division |  |  | 23 | Reid | 1000 |
|  |  |  | 24 | Moore | 1000 |
| 1 | Wh. Pupel | 1196 | 25 | Simmons | 1000 |
| 2 | M. Miller | 1149 | 26 | Williams | 1000 |
| 3 | J.R. Donnelly | 1146 | 27 | Shives | 916 |
| 4 | J. Pattie | 1144 | 28 | Roemer | 968 |
| 5 | E. Denison | 1139 | 29 | Link | 962 |
| 6 | Merk | 1116 | 30 | Berg | 948 |
| 7 | Stecher | 1104 | 31 | Waldron | 927 |
| 8 | D. Denison | 1095 | 32 | Youngman | 916 |
| 9 | Joe Miller | 1084 | 33 | D. Rupel | 900 |
| 10 | R.M. Taylor | 1079 | 34 | F.J. Donnell | 844 |
| 11 | Matthews | 1036 | 35 | 5 Cowan | 808 |
| 12 | Freeman | 1016 | 36 | Cyr | 718 |
| 12. | 2. Dearing | 1006 |  |  |  |

