# Mini-Lessons from Short Games of the 21st Century 

by IM Nikolay Minev<br>\#1: Exciting Short Stories From The Olympiads

## C70 Z. Al-Zendani - Z. Dollah

Istanbul (ol) 2000

## 1.e4 e5 2.Nf3 Nc6 3.Bb5 a6 4.Ba4 g6

This is a rarely used continuation, with not much theory behind it.

## 5.d4 b5 6.Bb3 exd4 7.0-0!?

This, together with next move, is a novelty. It is a gambit typical for today's chess: initiative first and foremost! However, I suppose that in case of 7.Nxd4 the reply will be 7...Na5!?, which is also an interesting novelty!

## 7...Bg7 8.c3 dxc3 9.Nxc3 Nge7 10.Nd5! O-O 11.Bg5 Bxb2

Maybe 11...Kh8 offers more resistance.

12.Rc1!!

What a surprise! Now White wins by force.
12...Ba3

After 12...Bxc1 13.Qxc1 Blaxk has no defense against the threat Bf6 and Qh6.
13.Rxc6! dxc6 14.Nf6+ Kh8 15.Qa1 Ng8 16.Nxg8+ Kxg8 17.Bh6! 1-0

C00 O. Ganbold - B. Villamayor
Istanbul (ol) 2000

## 1.e4 e6 2.Nf3 d5 3.e5 c5 $4 . \mathrm{b4}$ cxb4

The theory considers that accepting the gambit is OK for Black, even though for a pawn he will be under considerable pressure. The alternative $4 \ldots$. c4!? is the preferred continuation for many players.

## 5.a3 Nc6

Usual is 5...bxa3.

## 6.axb4 Bxb4 7.c3 Be7 8.d4 f6!?

Black introduces new and interesting plan for immediate counter-attack against White's center which, in my opinion, deserves to be tested further.

## 9.Bd3 Qc7 10.Bf4 f5 11.g4

11.Na3!?

## 11...fxg4 12.Ng5 Bxg5 13.Bxg5 Qf7

Perhaps here or next move Black should play a6.

## 14.Qxg4 Nge7 15.Rg1 Nf5 16.Na3!

This Knight is going to d 6 ! The position is tense and unclear.

## 16...O-O

Now 16...a6 does not prevent 17.Nb5!

## 17.Nb5 Kh8 18.Qh3 h6?

This loses. Instead, after 18...a6 19.Nd6 Qc7 the situation is still unclear.


## 19.Bf6!! 1-0

What a knock-out!

## E38 M. Carlsen - N. Ibraev <br> Calvia (ol) 2004

## 1.d4 Nf6 2.c4 e6 3.Nc3 Bb4 4.Qc2 c5 5.dxc5 Bxc5

Also popular are the continuations $5 \ldots \mathrm{Na} 6$ and $5 \ldots \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$.

## 6.Nf3 Qb6!? 7.e3 Qc7 8.b3 b6 9.Bb2 Bb7

The theory suggests $9 \ldots$ a6! as necessary. As we shall see immediately, this is with good reason.

## 10.Nb5! Qd8 11.O-O-O! O-O 12.Ng5! Re8

In case of $12 \ldots \mathrm{~g} 6$ 13.h4 White's attack is irresistible.

## 13.h4!

But not 13.Bxf6? Qxf6 14.Qxh7+ Kf8 and it is White who is in big trouble.

## 13...e5 14.Nd6 Bxd6 15.Rxd6 h6



## 16.Qf5! Nc6

If 16...hxg5 17.hxg5 Ne4 (17...Be4 18.Qh3 Nh7 19.Bd3 Bxd3 20.Rxd3 and wins) 18.Qh7+ Kf8 19.Ba3! Nc5 20.Rf6!! and wins, or 16...Qe7 17.Rxf6! Qxf6 18.Qh7+ Kf8 19.Ba3+ d6 20.Bd3! hxg5 21.hxg5 Qd8 22.Qh8+ Ke7 23.Qxg7 Kd7 24.Bf5+ Kc7 25.Rd1 and White should win.
17.Rxf6! 1-0

For if 17...Qxf6 18.Qh7+ Kf8 19.Ne4! Qe6 20.Ba3+ d6 21.Bxd6+ and wins.

## C41 Friso Nijboer - Martin Poulsen

Turin (ol) 2006

## 1.e4 d6 2.d4 e5 3.Nf3

Not everyone likes to exchange the Queens early (as in 3.dxe5 dxe5 4.Qxd8+) even if this should bring some advantage.

## 3...Qe7

This experimental variation usually arises from the following order of moves: $1 . \mathrm{e} 4 \mathrm{e} 5$ 2.Nf3 d6 3.d4 Qe7 and in my opinion should be included in C41 "Philidor Defense".

## 4.Nc3 c6 5.Bc4 Bg4 6.Be3 Nf6 7.a3 Nxe4?!

A strategical mistake! Almost as a rule, opening the center early favors the better developed side, in our case White. Perhaps Black should try $7 \ldots \mathrm{~g} 6$ or $7 \ldots$... 7 .

## 8.Nxe4 d5 9.dxe5 dxe4 10.Qd4!? exf3

Maybe 10...Nd7!?

## 11.Qxg4 Nd7

Black is in trouble. For example, not much better is 11...fxg2 12.Qxg2! Qxe5 13.O-O-O Be7 14.Rhe1 O-O 15.Bh6 Qf6 16.Rxe7! (not 16.Bxg7?? Qg5+) Qxh6+ 17.Kb1 and White has strong attack.

## 12.e6 fxe6 13.0-O-O Ne5 14.Qh5+ Nf7 15.Qxf3 Nd6 16.Bb3

Black's position is already untenable. If now $16 \ldots$...Nf5, then 17 .Rhe 1 , or $16 \ldots \mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{O}$ 17.Bxa7.
16...e5

17.Rxd6! e4 18.Qf5 1-0

Because of 18...Qxd6 19.Qf7+ Kd8 20.Rd1.

A60 M. Mahjoob - R. Zhumabayev
Dresden (ol) 2008

## 1.d4 Nf6 2.c4 e6 3.g3 c5 4.d5 exd5 5.cxd5 b5 6.e4!?

The most active and interesting continuation!

## 6...Nxe4 7.Qe2 Qe7 8.Bg2 f5!?

Deviation from the known main line 8...Nd6 9.Be3 and now 9...c4 10.Nc3 a6 11.Bc5, intending 12.a4, or $9 \ldots$ b4 10.Bxc5 Qxe2+ 11.Nxe2 Na6, in both cases with a complex and unclear game.

## 9.d6 Qe6

But not 9...Qxd6 10.Nc3!

## 10.Nc3 Bxd6 11.Nh3!?

Searching for new tactical opportunities. If 11.Nxb5 Ba6!

## 11...h6 12.Nxe4 fxe4 13.Bxe4 Nc6 14.Qh5+ Kd8 15.Ng5 hxg5 16.Qxh8+ Kc7 17.Qh7 Bb7 18.Be3

All this is forced and was initiated by White, but the result is not in his favor. White's King is badly exposed and will be under fierce attack.


## 18...Rh8!! 19.Qxh8

If 19.Qg6 Qxg6 20.Bxg6 Ne5! Or 19.Qf5 Qxf5 20.Bxf5 Nd4!

## 19...Qxe4 20.Kd2

There is no defense. If 20.O-O Nd4! or 20.O-O-O Nb4!

## 20...Ne5 21.Rad1 Qc4! 0-1

